Daniel Webster's Mahogany Desk

BEREA, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, AUGUST 12, 1920. One Dollar and Fifty Cents per Year

## Forward Step For Jackson County

A campaign for community improvement was put on in Jackson county last week which promises greater results than any movement ever inaugurated in that county before. Under the auspices of the County Agricultural Agent, the Superintendent of Schools and the State Agricultural College, the county was covered by five squads of men who went into the schoolhouses and addressed the children and patrons of the districts on community organization and improvement. These men emphasized better homes, better farms, better schools, better churches and better roads.

The response of the people was greater than was expected. Everywhere that the school was in session, more than half of the population of the district was present at the meeting. And in some cases more persons turned out than were in the district. This is explained by the fact that persons outside the district came. In all, sixty-eight meetings were held and 5176 persons were present. Sixty-one of the districts organized into community to clubs and others will be organized soon.

The same movement is being put on in Laurel county this week; and is planned for ten or twelve counties in this section of

Great credit is due County Agricultural Agents, who were the prime movers in this campaign and to the others who joined them and worked out the plan. And no less do we commend the people who entered so heartily into the movement. They have shown that they are awake to their needs and are ready to set about to solve their own problems.

One great weakness in so many movements for community improvement has been that the people of the community itself were not allowed to help themselves. Someone from outside came in at stated intervals and acted as leader, and the result has been that no leaders have been developed and no permanent good was done. But this plan provides for a leader or leaders who live within the district. Over and over again it was said by the speakers that if "this community improves, the people of this community must do it." THE CITIZEN urges that these organizations be kept going. Do not let any discouragement, however great, halt the work in your community.

A friendly competition will be carried on among the schools of the county. A detailed list of points has been made which includes the work of the Junior Agricultural Clubs and credit will be given in this contest for the work that they do. Every school should strive for first place in its educational division and in the

#### AMERICA ON TRIAL

By Sherwood Eddy get the world's trade rather than Representative of the American Fed- to give the world peace. We ask you: eration of Churches

I have just returned from a trip around the world since the armistice, of America, I find there is an overincluding Japan, China, India, Egypt, whelming demand among business Turkey and Europe. I have been and professional men that we should lecturing in some fifty cities before settle this matter of the League of business men, clubs, and societies, Nations. A large majority are and have had an unusual opportuni-strongly in favor of an early settlety to observe public opinion. In ment for a League of Nations, the six months of the flames of the flames. Served here by the agents in the last six months. Hundreds of gallons of the progress of the flames. States. Instead of being, as we were the Peace Treaty from the League. A a year ago, the most popular nation, majority of the business men and we are becoming the most hated and nine-tenths of the Christian people of despised.

I asked our critics in Europe: "Why League. This is the great internado you misunderstand and misjudge tional question before the world. It America?" In substance their reply has become the paramount moral iswas as follows. "You in America told sue before America. us that you entered the war not as The vast majority are indignant other nations. You said you wanted with the President for failing to take no land nor indemnities: you entered the Senate and the country into his from unselfish motives. And now confidence, but they are yet more inyou come out of the war not only the dignant with a little group of rerichest nation in the world, claiming actionaries in the Senate who have one-third of its entire wealth, not been deaf to the demands of the only with all the world in your debt, American people and have held up not only with an enormous merchant this great international issue to the marine and much of the world's trade detriment of America and the world. captured successfully while the rest If the League of Nations is reof us were fighting your battles dur- jected, we, the American people who ing the first three years of the war, have not recognized this as the subut after proclaiming your ideals to preme moral issue before our nation the ends of the earth, you are now and the world, will have to bear the threatening to repudiate them, refus- blame before the bar of history!

Kentucky News Re-election of C. A. Bell. Bedford, president, and a brief talk by United States Senator J. C. W. Beckham marked the closing session of the Kentucky State League of Postmasters As the Daily Register, Richmond,

A big well has been completed on and for some time his friends have the Briggs place, in Warren county, been confident of his victory. within a mile of the Bowling Green city square. The sand had only been penetrated one foot when oil was thrown high above the mast and is now standing 700 feet in the hole.

day afternoon.

Plans for the third annual exhibit of the College of Agriculture at the State Fair have taken definite form and a larger staff than has ever been sent by the institution will present by demonstration and discussion the advanced truths concerning the fifteen subjects to be given space in the ex- in that city Wednesday. hibit. Fifty per cent of the inforyear.

Practically complete returns from all counties in the 8th Congressional district indicate that Judge Ralph Gilbert, of Shelby county, won the Democratic nomination for Congress in the primary Saturday over Col. Frank Ripy, of Lawrenceburg, and Private George T. Davis, of Casey county. at the Hotel Henry Watterson yester- stated a short time ago, Judge Gilbert was the contending candidate in every

ing to give the world relief when you

As I have gone through the cities

the United States demand such a

selfishness or world service?"

Madison County Constable Taken to Richmond for Trial

one of the 11 counties of the district

constable, who has been confined in day night, August 7. the Fayette county jail for three days, and who is alleged to have shot the affairs of the county through a and killed Jasper Kirby, ex-soldier of Madison county, at the Berea fair number of offices of trust and re- of amusement places against the use P. S. Whitlock, of Madison county, of all who knew him. for examining trial, which will be held

Poff was brought to the Lexington influence and help to the institution. mation to be given is entirely new jail following the shooting, owing to The funeral services were held at the proprietors of such places liable and is based on research of the past the intense feeling which had arisen the grave Monday morning at 10:30 to a fine of \$1,000. in the county against the officer. It in the Richmond cemetery.

When the United States chamber of commerce bought the old Daniel Web ster homestead in Washington, the mahogany desk on which Webster wrote his famous reply to Calhoun was included in the sale. Joseph H. Defrees, president of the chamber, shown here seated at the desk.

### U. S. News

Missoula, Mont., Aug. 5.-The forest fire in the Montana and Canada forests north of Libby. Mont., is spreading rapidly and has reached an "alarming" size, according to reports received today at headquarters of forest service district No. 1. A large crew of fire fighters was sent to assist the seventy-five men already there.

Germantown, O., Aug. 10 .- Ohio's third presidential candidate, Dr. Aaron S. Watkins, standard bearer of the Prohibition party, and his running mate, Dr. Leigh Colvin, who is dit leader, in speeches at Cuatro Ohio born, will be formally notified Cienegas, state of Coahuila, accordalone can do it, seeking apparently to of their nomination here tomorrow. Representatives of the party from all mouted by El Universal today. over the country are expected to at-Is America going to stand for world

> agents estimate, by the auction sale today. coctions were dumped into the Mahoning river.

Washington, Aug. 9.-Production of crops forecast today by the Department of Agriculture from their condition on August 1 was as follows:

Winter wheat, 533,000,000; spring wheat, 262,000,000; all wheat, 795,-000,000; corn, 3,003,000,000; oats, 1,402,000,000; barley, 196,000,000; rye, 77,900,000; white potatoes, 402,000,-000; sweet potatoes, 101,000,000; tobacco, 1,554,000,000 pounds; hay, (tame), 88,600,000 tons; apples, (total), 213,000,000 bu.; peaches, 45,-500,000; kafirs, 125,000,000 bu.

program for helping the Poles out- lated. ined by the British and French gov-

Exchanges between Washington and London and Paris are still continuing, but officials maintained silence as to their purport.

was rumcred that a mob composed of friends of the dead man were intending to storm the Madison county jail.

of this county, died at the home of army north of Warsaw to cope with it. Andrew Poff, 31, Madison county his son at Whites Station on Satur-

He had taken a leading part in long and active life. He had held a grounds last week, was taken to Rich- sponsibility and had conducted himmond Tuesday morning by Sheriff self so as to have the highest respect

He was a friend of Berea College

# **World News**

Shanghai, Aug 9 .- Members of the United States Congressional party touring in the Far East are indignant over the announcement that Representative Randall of California, one of the junketing party, intends to ask Congress to extend prohibition to the Philippines and seek an international settlement for China.

Mexico City, Aug. 10 .- Hatred for Americans and a determination to "fight to the death," if an attempt is made to invade Mexico, were expressed by Francisco Villa, the baning to purported stenographic copies

Dawson, Yukon, Aug. 10 .- Millions of feet of timber has been destroyed Youngstown, O., Aug. 9.—Uncle by a forest fire which swept both Sam's treasury will be enriched by banks of the Peel River for 160 miles, at least \$125,000 soon, prohibition according to reports reaching here

of fifty barrels and 1,500 cases of Two hundred men concentrated at seized here by the agents in the last post buildings, but were unable to

> Hythe, England, Aug. 9.-The Allied conference here reached a complete agreement this afternoon on plans for dealing with the Russo-Polish crisis. They include the reimposition of the blockade but on the advice of the experts no Allied troops will be employed.

The plans are subject to the approval of the British parliament which Premier Lloyd George will address tomorrow. The conference ended at 4 p.m.

Tokio, Aug. 7.-Representatives of all shipping lines operating out of Japanese ports, including Japanese-Washington, Aug. 9 .- All the press American lines, have failed to reach dispatches today indicate that the an agreement regarding the establishgravity of the Polish situation was in- ment of a standard freight rate for creasing. There still was no inti- ocean traffic as suggested by the mation that the American Govern- United States Shipping Board. Shipment had reached a decision on the ping representatives predict a rate proposals for aid presented by the war in the Pacific unless an agree-Polish government or the tentative ment on rates is eventually formu-

Paris, Aug. 10 .- Slowly, but surely. the Bolsheviki are closing in on Warsaw, according to the latest news reaching Paris. Appreciable reinforcements appear to have been brought to the Northern Soviet army, and in the Mlawa region their advance is growing more dangerous. While the latter movement does not immediately threaten communications JUDGE GOODLOE PASSES AWAY between Warsaw and Danzig through Judge John D. Goodloe, one of the the Vistula Valley, the Poles, nevermost prominent and best known men theless, will be obliged to form a new

Warning Is Issued.

Washington.-The Treasury Department issued a warning to proprietors Information was received at the Internal Revenue Bureau that severa places were using turnstiles instead of tickets or cards of admissions. This and was always ready to lend his practice, it is stated, is a violation of the treasury regulations and makes

# PEACE KEYNOTE OF COX SPEECH OF ACCEPTANCE

Democratic Candidate Would Enter League, Immediately Ratify Treaty and State Interpretation of Covenant.

#### SAYS "BACK TO THE NORMAL" MEANS REACTION

Failure to Enforce Prohibition Is Worse Than Law's Violation-Declares Present Congress Has Not Passed a Single Constructive Law, but Has Spent Time and Millions In Seeking to Make America's Military Triumph an Odlous Chapter in His-More Adequate Supervision of Railroade, a National Budget System, and Woman Suffrage.

Here is a summary of the speech of Governor James M. Cox, Democratic candidate for president, at the notification ceremonies at Day-

League of Nations.-Would enter the league, immediately ratify the treaty and state our interpretation of the covenant in reservations as a matter of good faith and as a matter of precaution against any misunderstanding in the future. The interpretation to clearly show that the league is not an alliance and that its basic purpose is peace and not controversy.

Domestic Problems.—Would re-

peal war taxes; reduce federal taxation; suggests, in place of excess profits tax, substitution of volume of business tax. Profiteering.—Promises penalisa-tion under the criminal law.

Labor.—Stimulate Americaniza tion. Writ of injunction should not the drastic laws of war days; guarantee of free speech; recogni-tion of the rights of the principle of collective bargaining. Child life of the nation should be conserved. Agriculture.—Federal government should sponsor agriculture and food production. Farmer should be amply compensated for his work.
Favors municipal markets. Regu-

lation of cold storage. Would increase area of tillable land. National Prosperity. - Objective should be decreased tenantry and

stimulation of home ownership.
Food Supply.—More adequate supervision of railroads; utilization of waterways.

Financial and Commercial.-Extols federal reserve act and mer-chant marine. Would extend facilities for exchange and credit and stimulate foreign trade.

National Budget.-Favors a national budget system. Would reduce armament expenditures on entering league of nations.

Republican Ungenerosity.—Republicans failed to recognize that America had saved the world or to appreciate the struggles and sacrifices of those who, in arms or industry, helped win the war. Present Congress has not passed a single constructive law, but spent time and millions in seeking to make military triumph an odious chapter in history.

Mexican Situation. - We have neither lust for their domain nor disposition to disturb their rights.

Disabled Soldiers.-Pledges immediate efforts to provide vocational training and favors employment of disabled soldiers of World War by Federal Board to supervise the rehabilitation of disabled soldiers. Prohibition,-"Any candidate for the presidency who says he does not intend to enforce the law is ore unworthy than the law vio-

Woman Suffrage,-Strongly fa

Official Responsibility,-Opposed to "government by party;" pledges ervice to the people as a whole, Education.—Federal governmen ould not encroach on local con-

trol, but rather should create an enlarged public interest.

Campaign Contributions. — No narrow dividing line between the legitimate and the illegitimate,

Industrial Peace. We want change from the world of yester-day, from the old industrial world. We are at the "forks of the road," Se-called "return to the normal" means "reactionism,"

wobbiing. Never in all our history h more been done for governm er was sacrifice more su most precious things of heart and were given up in a spirit which guar antees the perpetuity of our institu tions-if the faith is kept with "The country received with interes

No. 7.

to say the least, the announcement from Chicago, where the Republican mational convention was assembled, that a platform plank, dealing with the subject of world peace, had been drawn, leaving out the Lodge reservations, and yet remaining agreeable to all interests, meaning thereby the Lodge reservationists, the mild reservationists and the group of Republican senators that openly opposed the League of Nations in any form.

"As the platform made no definite committal of policy and was, in fact, so artfully phrased as to make almost any deduction possible, it passed through the convention with practical unanimity. Senator Johnson, however, whose position has been consistent and whose opposition to the league in any shape is well known, withheld his sup port of the convention's choice until tory-Favore Repeal of War Taxes, the candidate had stated the meaning Criminal Prosecution of Profiteers, of the platform, and announced definitely the policy that would be his, if elected.

"Senator Harding makes this new pledge of policy in behalf of his party: "'I promise you formal and effective peace so quickly as a Republican congress can pass its declaration for a Republican executive to sign.'

This means but one thing-a separate peace with Germany!

"No less an authority than Senator Lodge said, before the heat of recent controversy, that to make peace except in company with the Allies would brand us everlastingly with dishonor and bring ruin to us.'

"And then after peace is made with Germany, Senator Harding would, he says, 'hopefully approach the nations of Europe and of the earth, proposing that understanding which makes us a willing participant in the consecration of nations to a new relationship.'

"In short, America, refusing to enter



established by twenty-nine nations) and bearing and deserving the contempt of the world, would submit an entirely new project. This act would either be regarded as arrant madness or attempted international bossism.

"These are fateful times. Organised government has a definite duty all over the world. The house of civilization is to be put in order. The supreme is sue of the century is before us and the nation that halts and delays is playing with fire. The finest impulses of humanity, rising above national lines, merely seek to make another ho war impossible. Under the old order of international anarchy war came overnight, and the world was on fire before we knew it. It sickens our enses to think of another.

Ratification First Duty. "The first duty of the new administration clearly will be the ratification of the treaty. The matter should be approached without thought of the bitterness of the past. The public verdiet will have been rendered, and I am confident that the friends of world peace as it will be promoted by the league will have in numbers the constitutional requisite to favorable senatorial action. The captious may say that our platform reference to reserva-tions is vague and indefinite. Its meaning, in brief, is that we shall state our interpretation of the covenant as a matter of good faith to our associates and as a precaution against any misunderstanding in the future. The point is that after the people shall have spoken the league will be in the hands of its friends in the senate, and a safe index as to what they will do is supplied by what reservations they have proposed in the past. Some months ago, in a contributed article to the New York Times, I expressed my own opinion of the situation as it then vas. I reproduce it here;

"There can be no doubt but that some senators have been conscientious in their desire to clarify the provis of the treaty. Two things appare have disturbed them; First, they w ed to make sure that the league not to be an alliance, and that its basic purpose was peace and not cont eg. Second, they wanted the powere signing the instrument t derstand our constitutional limits beyond which the treaty-making er cannot go. Dealing with these

(Continued on Page Five)

#### General College News

DEAN MCALLISTER ATTENDS

The Department of the Interior Bureau of Education in cooperation with the governor and school department of Tennessee called a conference of education at Monteagle, August 2 to 7. The topic for the conference was, "Practical and Possible Ideals in Education for the South." It proved to be a very large and enenthusiastic gathering. Representatives from sixteen states were present on the first day of the meeting. This was intended primarily for a citizen's meeting, the purpose being to arouse a greater interest on the part of the public in the school conditions and needs.

Dean McAllister, of Berea Normal School, was present and acted as pre-Teachers for Rural Schools."

special occasions neighbors drive in which I hope to play very soon. so as to completely fill the new auditorium, capacity ten thousand.

elms make a magnificent, restful were greatly interested. grove. The squirrels here are even more tame than in Berea, and the birds are so friendly as to make one think of "Hiawatha's chickens."

In the great audisorium is a continual feast of good things. On Saturday evening a musical contest in which some fifty voices are blended in gentle rivalry, the adjudicator for the evening being Prof. R. G. Jones,

formerly of London Tabernacle, Eng-friend "Rody" will dedicate the great the text Jer. 17:12, and a quartete ter which the Bible conference will of ladies rendered a beautiful selection. Also the chorus gave a wonder-

We are living in a very comfortable little hotel on the hillside (The kindly think of us as Franconia), with plenty of shade trees and wide porches and plenty of

plain good food. There are many interesting people stopping here and when we tire of seclusion, we can enjoy these friendly contacts with EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE folks bigger and broader than our-

Yesterday afternoon we heard what consider the greatest address I've ever heard by Raymond Robbins, subject: "The Challenge of Bolshevism." As Mr. Robbins was the head of the Red Cross unit in Russia during the war, he was well qualified for such a complex discussion. After the address, which lasted one and one-half hours, an open forum, or discussion continued for an hour, giving one a most comprehensive grasp of the whole "Red" situation. A thousand people had driven from the surrounding country to hear this wonderful address.

Last evening the hillside service siding officer during the first meeting was led by Lisle Rader, of Chicago, Monday morning. He later made an a great friend of "Mel Trotters." address upon the "Progress in Edu- This hillside service is a beautiful cation in the Mountain Counties of feature which has been carried on for Kentucky," and the "Preparation of a number of years just at the close Marsh, Cora Ellen, B.S. Baraboo, of day, with the rosy sunset mirrored in the lake below. One instinctively MR. AND MRS. TAYLOR WRITE recalls Bryant's beautiful words: Here we are sitting in a double "The groves were God's first temples." swing under a shady tree on the very At 7:30 we again heard Dr. Campbell edge of beautiful Winona Lake, In- Morgan on the parable of the "loaves diana. The lake is as clear as crys- and fishes," emphasizing the two tal and is about three miles long and great points of responsibility: "What Cromer, Wm. John, A. B. Bradford, a mile wide, surrounded by rich farm- have you?" "Give ye them to eat." ing country, with clumps of trees He made us all feel so rich in God's coming down to the water's edge. common gifts, and so plainly the Gabbard, Elmer E., B.S. Cow Creek, The village itself contains about world's need of our sympathy and 2000 during the winter, but on ac- help. A Mr. Alvin, who sang the count of the great musical and liter- solo parts last week in the "Messiah." ary attraction the population swells sang very feelingly "The Way of Imrie, Norman, A., B.L. London, in summer time to fifteen thousand. Peace." They have a fine-toned The roads round about here are pipe organ in the Tabernacle which exceedingly well kept and on makes my fingers and toes tingle and

This afternoon Rev. Chas. A. Tindley (colored), from Philadelphia, The cottages and hotels are built made a powerful address. He is in on the ridge overlooking the lake and charge of a great Institutional work the abundance of maples, oaks and in our home city and therefore we

> This evening we are to have a great debate on the League of Nations between Senator G. M. Hitchcock (Democrat) and Honorable Jackson Morris, Kentucky (Republican). A "Hot time in the old town." -I guess-!

Tomorrow night one of the greatest pageants in the world is to be of Chicago. He was very fair and presented. "The history of a nation just in his criticism, but at times al- that profoundly affects the course of most harsh; after all, however, our events since its inception" will be harshest critics often serve us help- shown in its salient aspects. One of fully by stirring us up to greater and the most impressive features will be higher ambitions. A Miss Catherine the figure of Donald Robertson as Carmichael acts as part accompanist "White Cloud," who acts as chorus of Click, Viola, Frances, A.B. Kirby and is one of the cleverest I've ever abridgement between the various episodes. He will be dressed as a great On Sunday morning a great Bible derful pageant director. We hope to under the trees and were led by Dr. get some helpful ideas for our Berea of my great class there in Berea, only older grown and "whiskered." Hutchins is inaugurated. We are an-Amelita Galli Curci gives a concert At eleven, Dr. G. Campbell Morgan, here. Billy Sunday and our old continue for two weeks.

ful selection: "From Every Stormy | And so our days pass quickly bying the vocal obligato. She is the rich reward after the intensive year's daughter of the founder of this great work in Berea. We naturally think of our friends often in this feast of good things, and until we meet again,

Most sincerely your friends,

# Berea College Alumni Association

(This space belongs to the Alumni Association of Berea College. Articles, news items and personal letters from graduates will be published in full or in abstract every week. The Alumni Editor, Secy. M. E. Vaughn, Berea College, Berea, Ky., will be pleased to receive any communication of interest from members of the Association.)

Adams, William Andrew, B.Ped. Ar- Taulbee, Maggie, A.B., Campton gilite, Ky. Teacher, Newspaper Editor in Owsley co. Address, Greenup, Ky.

Colwell, Horace, B.L. Dakota, Tenn. Stud. of U. of Tenn.. Address, New

McFerron, John D., B.Ped. Pine Hill. Ky. Teacher, County Supt. Address, Ft. Mills, Fla.

Todd, Alvin Dexter, A.B. Hampton, Mass. Teacher. Stud. Hartford Theo. Sem. Died 1915. Cox, Sara M., B.S. Munfordsville, Ky. Teacher. Married Mr. Fouser.

Address, Harvey, Ill. Pickerin, Mary, M., B.S. Broadwell, Grad. in Mass. General Hospital, Boston. Address-

Wis. Teacher. Married C. R. Gillispie. Address, Stephen, Wis.

Class of 1913 Anderson, Chas. Claud, B.S. Conklin, Ky. Teacher. Farm Demonstrator, Student in W. Va. Address, Mor-

ganton, W. Va. O. Teacher. Address, Springfield,

Ky. Grad. Presbyterian Theo. Sem., Louisville. Minister. Address, Buckhorn, Ky.

Canada. Teacher, Y.M.C.A. Sec. in France, Soldier. Address, care of Culver Military Academy, Culver, Ind.

Karnosh, Louis J., B.S. Neffs, O. honor and distinction in the world. Printer and Designer. Address, We earnestly solicit correspondence 11722 Park View Ave, Cleveland, O. and articles from any and all of Little, Rev. Henry A., A.B. Johnson City, Tenn. Methodist Minister. Address, Johnson City, Tenn.

Porter, Noah Glenn, B.S. Hanover. Address, Tobosco, O.

Creek, Ky. Teacher, A.B., U. of Editor. Cal. Address, Tollume, Cal.

Knob, Ky. Married John Marlatt. Dear Marshall: Address, Defiance, O.

Berea, Ky.

lege. Address, Berea, Ky. Teacher. Address, Warren, Ky.

Meyers, Nancy B., A.B. Richmond, Ky. Address, Richmond, Ky.

Wert, O.

Cleveland, Va.

Ky. Died Newby, 1914. Teacher. Address, Muskogee, Fla.

TO ALUMNI AND OTHER FOR-MER STUDENTS

We are publishing in the Alumni Column this week a letter from Mr. Clyde Stilwell, 606 S. Michigan, Ave., Chicago, president of the Alumni Association. Mr. Stilwell's letter tells its own story, but by way of emphasis I wish to add a few words from the viewpoint of the Alumni Editor who is making every effort possible Would it not be better to build on a 150,000. to keep the Alumni section going for broader foundation by including in the interest and information of widely scattered people. In the first place, there are two things absolutely necessary to keep up interest in this section. Our graduates must take THE CITIZEN in order to be exposed to the Alumni section each week, and each reader must write something of interest that can be published. Letters have been coming in quite liberally, but they should come in such large numbers as to furnish us a reserve to draw upon from time to time. I am having Mr. Stilwell's letter published principally for the last half of it. I heartily support his view that our alumni interest should be broad enough to take in every student who has finished any department in Berea, and should include all college students, many of whom have finished their courses in other institutions and are holding positions of Berea's former students.

Let us have a bit of interesting news about all our students. If you Oldfield, Hugh M., B.S. Brice, O. are a poet give us a chance to pub-Teacher, Supt. of School, Barbours- lish a few rhymes. If you are a novville, Ky. Address, Barboursville, elist, tell us about your best book, and where it can be purchased.

I can see a future of fellowship and O. Teacher, Principal of H. S. mutual help waiting for all former students of Berea if they enter Sellers, Randolph F., B.S. Morefield, heartily into this get-to-gether O. Supt. of School, Montezuma, O. scheme proposed by the Alumni As-Army Y.M.C.A. Sec., State Univer- sociation. If the reader is a subsity, Berea College. Married Hen- scriber of THE CITIZEN and knows of rietta Beecher. Address, 1623 some former students who are not clarencedale Ave., Youngstown, O. subscribers, let him advise them to Terry, Thos. Jefferson, B.Ped. Jetts fall in line .- M. E. Vaughn, Alumni

August 6, 1920.

Your letter of June 26 came just Davidson, Anna Louise, B.S. Cen- as I was leaving for a vacation. I structional staff of Normal Schools tersburg, O. Address, Centersburg, want to congratulate you on the and Colleges which are doing colle-Alumni section of THE CITIZEN, giate work but are not granting a dous panoramas in the world. Some A. Christie Brown—made me, think Hutching is in the degree. Teacher in Berea College. Address, ing the letters that have been ap-tutions of higher learning in the matpearing in the Alumni section, and I ter of records. Harrison, Elizabeth, Lee, B.L. Berea, am sure the alumni appreciate what Ky. Asst. Librarian, Berea Col- you are doing, and will prove willing continue their investigation and reto help you by passing along infor- port at the next meeting. King, Bertha, V., B.L. Berea, Ky. mation about themselves and other alumni.

have started to build up alumni in- degree. voted wholly to College Alumni, will than 30,000. have a tendency, after our first burst The number of schools without the Alumni Section news information regarding alumni of the Normal. Academy, Vocational and other schools in the group? And are you not (or your office) the very person to undertake this larger program? This, of course, is only a suggestion, but I am sure the idea has come to you in connection with your college work, and since you have been editing the College Alumni Section. With regards to all Berea friends,

Very sincerely yours, Clyde S. Stillwell.

Mr. Marshall E. Vaughn, Secretary, Berea College,

#### S. A. T. T. I. MEETS

Training Institutions was held at teachers. George Peabody College for Teachers, Nashville, Tenn., August 4th and 5th. A large representation was present. President Payne delivered the opening address. The purpose of the association is to set standards for the Teacher Training Institutions of the South, and to aid such institutions in maintaining these standards.

Committees reported on the following investigations:

1. Entrance requirements to the collegiate departments of Teacher Training Institutions.

2. Resources, equipment and instructional staffs of institutions awarding baccalaureate degree. 3. Curriculum of the Two-Year dered heap."

Normal School. 4. Curricula of those institutions awarding the baccalaureate degree. trails. Resting on a boulder and look-5. What credit Universities should

give to Two-Year Normal School courses or Normal School work in general. 6. Resources, equipment and in-

All committees were requested to

An address was given by Prof. Mc-Henry Rhoades, State High School I want to emphasize some of the Inspector of Kentucky, upon the "Junmethods by which interest in the ior College Situation in Kentucky." Wind That Blows," Mrs. Dickey sing- all filled with added interest. Thus a Newcomer, Lillian M., B.L. (A.B. in Alumni Section may be kept up: The principal address of the meeting 1916). Hope, Kan. Teacher. Mar- First, through communications from was given by Hon. P. P. Claxton, ried D. Witt Wolfe. Address alumni; second, through secretaries United States Commissioner of Eduof classes; and third, through sec- cation, on Thursday morning. His Newton, Cora, E., B.S. Huntley, Ill. retaries of group associations. Sec- subject was, "Increased Revenue for Married Mr, Rowe. Address, Van retaries of classes, especially the lar- Teacher-Training Institutions." Some ger classes of the last ten years, of the facts which Mr. Claxton Mr. and Mrs. Howard E. Taylor. Peckham, Mrs. F. B., B. L. Newby, should assume considerable respon- brought out were: Since the estab-

sibility in keeping us informed of the lishment of the first Normal School progress of their classmates. Sec- (about 1833), to the present time, all retaries of group associations, as they graduates of Normal Schools in the are organized, will be able to pass on United States, both public and priinteresting items about their mem- vate, number less than 500,000. The bers. The force of these suggestions number of teachers required this will appeal to you; for while you year to fill the elementary school powill take excellent care of your end sitions is approximately 750,000. The of the line, we really can't expect you per cent of trained teachers in our to write our letters and originate schools is very small. In some states about 50 per cent of the teachers are It occurs to me that probably we without professional training of any

terest on too narrow a foundation; The graduates of all the Normal that is, solely with the College alum- Schools of the United States for the ni. There are, as I remember, about present year together with all grad-300 living College alumni. They are uates of the other higher instituour primary interest right now, but tions of learning who purpose to go naturally, the Alumni section, if de- into the teaching work, number less

of enthusiasm, to grow smaller. teachers at the present time is about

There is not a single state in the United States which has anything like an adequate equipment for training of the teachers needed in that state for elementary schools.

We are spending at present 25,009 .-000 dollars annually in the United States for teacher training. If we were to increase that amount ten-fold and thereby increase the number of trained teachers ten-fold, it would require at least a generation to catch up with our need, so as to supply the necessary teachers.

The officers of S. A. T. T. I. for next year are: President, President Bruce R. Payne, George Peabody College for teachers; Vice-President, Dean Cloyd N. McAllister, Berea Normal School, Berea College: Sec-The third annual meeting of the retary-Treasurer, Prof. Thomas Al-Southern Association of Teacher exander, George Penbody College for

# The Wonders of America

By T. T. MAXEY

GLACIER NATIONAL PARK.

LACIER is one of the newer of our G great "outdoor museums" or national parks. Scattered throughout its 1,400 square miles is a jumble of mountains, glaciers, rivers, lakes and waterfalls which looks like "the Great Builder had left the odds and ends of his world making here in one disor-

A newspaper man tolled hard to reach the top of one of the skyland ing far out over the forests, across a flower-carpeted valley to a superbly beautiful mountain lake, he declared had discovered "Where God sat when he made America."

The dominating feature of Glacler is its magnificently carved mountains. It contains some of the most tremenof its peaks remind one of cathedrals, tinted their summits with varying hues. Often their sides are covered with great, slow-moving glaciers-ice fields, some of which travel fully five inches in a year. Between or below them are splendid forests of pine. The meadows between these wooded patches are a riot of wild flowers.

But the supreme beauty of this park is its mountain-hemmed, mirrorlike lakes, fed by glacial streams which tumble down the mountain sides, often in tall, ribbonlike falls of great beauty.

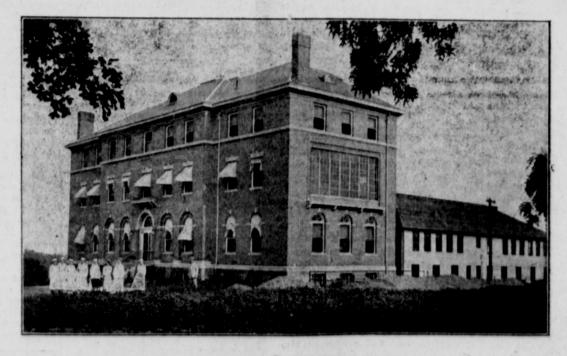
Add to this an occasional glimpse of a Swiss chalet (for the accommodation of visitors) and you have an unbeatable combination for the true lover of the wild and the beautiful.

# Berea College Hospital and School of Nursing

During the coming year Berea College Hospital will offer two distinct courses in Nursing. The shorter course will be exactly like the course that has been given since the Hospital has been founded. It is intended for young women who have not the educational preparation for the longer course, but who desire to render as much practical service as they can.

Graduates from this course are in demand, and may expect to receive from ten to twenty dollars a week for their services. They will not be qualified to take charge of a hospital, nor can they demand the high pay of the Registered Nurse, but they are very valuable to every community and there should be a number of young women to enter this

Applicants for this course must be past eighteen years of age, of good health and rugged constitution; must have finished the eighth grade in good standing. This course requires eighteen months, largely of practical bedside work, in addition to fifty-two hours of class-room work for completion.



The longer course is for three years and prepares its graduates for the State examination. All persons successful in this examination receive the R. N. Diploma and are permitted to practice in other states as well as in Kentucky. The first twenty-two months of this course will be spent in Berea College Hospital, and the last nine months in the Louisville City Hospital. Candidates for this course must have passed their eighteenth birthday, be in good health, and show evidence of having had one year of high school, or its

Nursing is a great profession and many of our young women who desire to render a maximum service to the people in greatest need should enter this profession.

Berea College will open September 15, and any desired information about the School of Nursing, or any other department of the institution, may be secured by writing to the College Secretary.

COST OF LIVING. By good business management and studied economy, the College is able to reduce the cost of living in Berea to the lowest possible figure. The times are working hard against us and the constant battle with the high cost of all commodities is a trying one, but thus far the College has won. Tuition is free, incidental fee \$5, \$6, and \$7 a term, according to the course taken, room and board for about \$125 a year and many other valuable and necessary additions to the student's school life, such as gymnasium, athletics, hospital and lectures are free. All students from the mountains above fifteen years of age, of good character, studious habits and a willingness to work are invited and will find a wholehearted welcome to Berea, but they must make reservations in advance.

# The MAN NOBODY KNEW 6 HOLWORTHY HALL

SYNOPSIS.

CHAPTER I.-In a base hospital at Neutily, France, his face disfigured be-yond recognition, an American soldier serving in the French army attracts attention by his deep despondency. Asked by the surgeons for a photograph to guide them in making over his face, he offers in derision a picture of the Savior, bidding them take that as a model. They do so, making a remarkable likeness.

CHAPTER II .- Invalided home, on the boat he meets Martin Harmon, New York broker, who is attracted by his remarkable features. The ex-soldler gives his name as "Henry Hilliard," and his home as Syracuse, New York. He left there under a cloud, and is embittered against his former fellow townsmen. Harmon makes him a proposition to sell mining stocks in Syracuse, concealing his iden-tity. He accepts it, seeing in it a chance to make good and prove he has been un-

CHAPTER III.-In Syracuse "Hilliard" (in reality Richard Morgan) is accepted as a stranger. He visits James Cullen, a former employer, relating a story of the death of Richard Morgan, and is surprised at the regret shown by Cullen and his youthful daughter Angela. While at the Cullen home Carol Durant, Morgan's former fiancee, makes a call.

CHAPTER IV .-- Hilliard repeats to Carol his story of Morgan's death and is deeply moved by the evidence of her deep feel ing for the supposed dead man. He relves, however, to continue the decep-

CHAPTER V .- Next day Hilliard gathers from Angela that Carol had always loved Dick Morgan, and while delivering to her a letter supposedly from her former flancee realizes that his affection is unchanged. His welcome by Doctor Du-rant, Carol's father, also shakes his res-elution to continue the deception, but he

CHAPTER VI .- In Syracuse Hilliard is looked upon as a capitalist and mining expert, and in that capacity, in pursuance of his object, interests Cullen in the pos-sibility of wealth in mining properties. The Cullens and Hilliard go to the Durant

CHAPTER VII.-Observations at the Durants' convince Hilliard that the doctor and his daughter had always been his true friends, and his love for Carol be-comes stronger. He realizes he has a dangerous rival in Jack Armstrong, also very much in love with Carol, and the two men tacitly agree to fight it out fairly.

CHAPTER VIII.-Despite his success in interesting capitalists of Syracuse in his mining venture (which he believes to be a sound proposition) Hilliard regrets having placed himself in such a false position, but in justice to Harmon feels he must go on. He makes confession to Carol of his love for her, and she admits the possi-bility of his affection being returned in

CHAPTER IX.—Rufus Waring, youthful suitor of Angela Cullen, jealous of Hilliard, becomes angrily watchful of the latter's business. Harmon visits Syracuse, and a prominent business man of the city, seeing them together, warns Hilliard of Harmon's reputation. Disturbed, Hilliard asks Harmon for an explanation, and the broker unguardedly admits a former swindle, and also that the mining proposition is a "fake." Hillard threatens to make the knowledge public, but Harmon shows him he has public, but Harmon shows him he has made himself an accessory. Hillard sees nothing to do but go on with the deals.

CHAPTER X .- In an interview with Carol, deeply touched by her friendliness and interest in him, Hilliard almost deter-mines to admit his duplicity, plead for forgiveness, and make a fresh start, but cannot nerve himself to the confession.

Yes, he could gather his resources and place them, together with himself, in the hands of his subscribers, and their vengeance would be twofold; once for their loss out of pocket, once for the loss out of faith. He had deserved no lenlency, and he expected none. But as for those who, without the financial entanglement, had respected him, and honored him, as for Carol Durant and Angela . . .

Well, as for Carol, he was at least relieved of the terrific mental convulsion which would surely have fallen upon him if he had had reason to believe that she loved him. As it was, her shock at his disaster would be tempered by Armstrong's sane philosophy; at most, she would lose in Hilliard a friend of only a few months-a man she had wanted to retain as a friend, but-by her own admission-as that, and no more. This was a consolation . . . trifling and fragile, to be sure, but something saved out of the wreck.

As to Armstrong-Hilliard, marveling somewhat at his own tolerance, wished him joy. Armstrong was fine and clean and manly; he had well merited his victory. As to Mr. Cullen -Hilliard was torn with regret, but after all, Cullen's gullibility was what had made the campaign so childishly simple. As to Angela . . . who had really loved him . .

"Oh, the poor little kid!" said Hilliard softly. "The poor little kid.

And perhaps he had never loved Carol Durant so much as when, at ten o'clock that sunny morning, he went up the steps of Angela's house to destroy a little girl's regard for him before it could be destroyed by others.

On the doorstep, he found strength in the memory of poor Pierre Dutout. In a way, Hilliard felt that he, too,

was giving up his lire as Dutout had given his with a smile for the fate, and a blessing for the future. Because he was afraid, unnervedly afraid, that Angela, after all, was in love with him-and when he put a stop to that,

#### CHAPTER XII.

It was the beginning of the end .-

As he crossed the threshold of the long, overdecorated drawing-room, he knew intuitively that he had blundered upon a climax. This he sensed from the attitude of the three who turned toward him as he enteredsensed it before he saw what was in The atmosphere their eyes. . . was vibrant, as though from sound waves which had passed beyond, and yet left traces of the swell behind them. The room was silent; but of a silence more confounding than a deafening turmoff.

Hilliard, standing on the threshold. was himself the center of this atmosphere; be felt it partly because his mood was so flexible and partly because the three who faced him had simultaneously thrown their fixed attention on him, thrown it directly and challengingly, including him in the finale of the climax, while they stood motionless as statues. He looked at Waring, whose expression was defensively acute: he looked at Angela, flushed, palpitant, and excited; he looked at Mr. Cullen, tight-lipped and frowning; and Hilliard caught his breath, as a swimmer who launches himself to a high dive, and walked composedly into the drawing-room.

"I hope," he said gravely, "I'm not intruding. Am I?"

The trio was galvanized into action; Cullen fairly leaped at him, "Hilliard!" he said, "thank the Lord! You're the very man we want!"

Hilliard smiled straight into Cullen's

"That's why I'm here," he said. Waring laughed loudly-too loudly; and the laugh stopped short, for Cullen was towering over him-Cullen

blazing with indignant wrath, and with a hand resting on Hilliard's shoulder. "Now go on," said Cullen command-"We don't want any underhanded work around here, Rufus. I've told you that once already. Go on! say it to his face! You're conversational enough behind his back-say it

to his face! Either you tell him or I The boy wiped his forehead. Beads of sweat stood out on it.

"Mr. Cullen . . . it isn't . it isn't fair . .

"Fair!" Angela's soprano had risen to a half-scream. "Rufe Waring, after what you've been saying, you talk about being fair! Why if you-

"Hush! Angela!" Her father's admonition was peremptory enough to quell her instantly. He wheeled back



"It's Nothing but Jealousy! He's Said Horrible Things About You!."

to Waring. "We're going to get at the bottom of this sooner or later-and the sooner the better. 'I'm waiting for you to repeat what you just told us, Rufus."

There were tears of anger in the law student's eyes-of anger and of impotence. He gave Angela a look of

superb disdain, shrugged his shoulders. "Well, that settles that!" he said, and as Angela gave a gasp of understanding, and turned angrily white, he

Cullen moved nearer to him. "Are you going to speak up or not?

laughed metallically.

Because if you aren't . . Waring folded his arms; but he still failed of the pose he planned, because his eyes and his muscles were traitor to him.

"No, I'm not! Not until I'm ready to! I'm not afraid of the whole crowd of you! I'm not going to be builled and bulldozed into-" He attempted to brush past Cullen, the older man caught him by the arm. "Take your

hands off me!" "You stay where you are!" stormed Cullen. "Until you can-"

"If you lay your hands on me once more, Mr. Cullen, I'll . . . don't you forget I know what this means! I'll have you-'

"Oh, your law!" Cullen snorted it contemptuously. "For God's sake, don't snivel about it . . . stand up and take it like a man, if you've got any manhood in you! For a law student you're . . . well, don't try to

you going to tell him, or am 1?"

The answer was delayed; Cullen swung around to Hilliard. "Then I'll tell you myself Know what this boy's been saying about you? Coming up to us when you're not here, and trying to knife you when you're not looking?" Hilliard, who had been standing

paralyzed, found voice. "Why, I can guess," he said, curiously calm. "And don't be harsh with him, Mr. Cullen. As a matter of fact-'

Angela had sprung between them; Hilliard saw that her cheeks were tearstained.

"It's nothing but fealousy!" she cried vehemently. "He's said horrible things about you! He's always saying things about you! He said-

"Angela!" Cullen almost fairly shouted it. "I tell you, this is my house, and I won't have any more of this infernal nonsense in it! Hear me? I've had all the nonsense I'm go ing to stand from anybody! Rufus, you stay right there! Angela, you keep quiet!" He turned to Hilliard. "If you'd come in a half minute sooner, you'd have heard this young whipper-snapper trying to make you out a swindler! Trying to class you with fake promoters and mining sharks! Yes- that's what he did! You! And look at him! Look at him! I want to tell you, Hilliard, it'll take more than his say-so to start anything around here! Don't you open your mouth, Rufus you had your chance and you wouldn't take it! And I want to tell you right here and right now-

"Waft a minute." Hilliard was deadly quiet; the only quiet member of the quartette. "There's no use in telling all the neighbors just yet." regarded Waring kindly. "Do you mind repeating precisely what you did say, Rufus? Don't you think I'm entitled to that much?"

The boy flushed agonizedly; he was the accuser, and yet he couldn't meet Hilliard's eyes. It wasn't guilt; it was mere intellectual inferiority; and yet it gave exactly the opposite impression

"Well," he said desperately, "I know hearsay evidence is no good, so I got it first hand-in your own room in the Onondaga, didn't I? You won't deny that, will you? I didn't just pick up rumors-I got it from you. Didn't I go there and ask you questions, and didn't you give me the data? Show me figures and everything? And I told Mr. Cullen the very next day, it didn't look good to me." His voice rose stridently. "All right, I'll say to him, and I'll say it to you, and I'll say it to anybody that'll listen to me! It didn't look good to me then, and it doesn't now. I told him you acted darned funny about it. And just now I've been telling him I don't believe it's straight. You're too blamed sketchy about it, and it's got all the earmarks of a bum promotion! There . . . Cullen! The omission of the prefix to the father of his idol was the worst insult he could conceive.

Cullen's hand was still on Hilliard's shoulder and it was Hilliard whom he addressed, explosively, and with that particular sort of muffled fury which rises best from a set of circumstances not thoroughly understood.

"What this is all about is beyond me! Only, if this law minnow has gone as far as this . . . We've got to get at the bottom of it . . . You know that as well as I do, Hilliard, natural-The boy's as wild as a hawk. Heaven knows how far he'd go outside. This has got to be cleared up! We've got to pound some sense into him. We-"

Hilliard was smiling vacuously; now that the blow had actually fallen, and the complaint officially lodged, he felt deliciously relaxed, centent. Before he could contrive a reply Waring was strident again.

"Yes." The student's voice was thin with acerbity. "Yes, you think you're pretty smart-all of you. Don't you? I come in here to do you a kindness that anybody else, it seems to me would take as a favor, and you and Angela jump all over me-why doesn't he deny it? That's what I want to know! Why doesn't he say something?"

Cullen looked at Hilliard and made a swift deduction, and spoke it. "He's waiting for the rest of it. Go on-you're only half through the yarn

you told us." "Oh, very well." Waring gathered courage. 'You can have all you want -maybe more than you want. You'd have had it sooner if you hadn't started yelling at me. I know what I'm talking about; you people don't seem to realize I'm in the law! I don't go off half-cocked. I wrote to a law firm in Butte, Montana, that's what I did. I found out what was the biggest firm there, and I wrote 'em a letter. They answered it, too. I got my information right from the ground. I've got a letter that says-

Cullen swayed forward, his hand outstretched, palm-upward, in a direct

challenge of Waring's truthfulness.

"Where is it?" The boy withdrew a step and stammered: "I left it home."

"Oh, you did!" Cullen's laugh was stinging. "That's likely!" "Yes, that's exactly what I did! Think I'd bring an original letter out of my office-let it out of my hands until it's time to make it of record? Not on your life! I've got it all right. It says the Silverbow Mining corporation owns some acreage, fast enough,

but there isn't a mine on it-" Cullen vented his abandon of rage on the empty air.

"Well, who in the devil ever said there was?"

"Why . . . didn't you?" The appeal was to Hilliard; and it was made in a tone of astonishment which would have been ludicrous if there hadn't been tragedy behind it.

"No." Hilliard shook his head. "You can't accuse me of that, at least. . . The only mine we ever mentioned was one in prospect. I always said it was a prospect, with an old shaft on it it. didn't I? And so it is! But an old shaft isn't a producing mine, necessarily. And-please let him finish, Mr. Cullen!"

"Well . . . " The boy had twin disks of hectic flame in his cheeks. "That's only a detail, anyway . . . they said it was . . . undeveloped . . . they said the shaft had been abandoned more than two years ago, because it wasn't worth much of anything--"

Cullen's hands were closing and un closing apoplectically.

"For Heaven's sake, who ever said it wasn't! two years ago! We all know that! Give us some news

young man, give us some news!" Waring was breathing hard, and his interest had switched to Angela, who stood adamant. Indeed, he was suddenly transformed to the status of a suppliant rather than that of a prosecuting witness.

"Well . . . they said it was offered ... two years ago ... to anybody who'd take it ... for ten thousand dollars . . . and nobody'd take it as a gift . . .

"Oh, good Lord!" Cullen was near to bursting. "Doesn't the fool know what a prospect is? Hasn't he seen the reports? And still he-"

"And . . . and the land next to it was . . . had a mine on it, the XLNC mine, that's in pretty fair shape, but that didn't signify anything. . . ." He paused for a moment. "And there hasn't been any work done on it, to speak of, for two years. . . . And the corporation report I got shows that a fellow named Martin Harmon's the president of it, and Harmon's a cheap Wall street man in New York. The Butte people don't consider him reliable. And I've written to him four times-and he won't answer."

"Ah!" said Hilliard, startled. "Well?" Cullen repeated his chal-

enge. "That's all." He gazed beseechingly at Angela, who sniffed and turned her head away.

"All!" Cullen breathed stertorous ly. "And with a flimsy lot of rot like that you've got the unmitigated gall to start a slanderous story like this about Henry Hilliard! You've got the nerve to-

astonishing part of it," interposed Hilliard, with coolness which astonished even himself, "is that every



"it's True-Every Word."

single item of it is true! Don't blame him, Mr. Cullen. It's true-every Cullen shook himself." "Of course it's true! Isn't it what

you've told us yourself, in a different way! It's the telling of it that counts!"

(To be Continued)

Aztec Relics. Many interesting relics have been

found recently of the lost race or prehistoric people who lived in the great community dwellings now in rains near Aztec, New Mexico. The evidences of a surprisingly high civilization include curious sandals woven from yucca leaves, fibre and cotton. The people delighted in ornaments of shells cut into discs and beads of turquoise and shell. There are jasper arrow points, bone awls and needles. The basket weaving was also of a high artistic quality. The most interesting of these relics is the coiled pottery made by rolling long strips of clay and winding them round and round as is done in coiled basketry. The ancient people who made these articles are believed to have been the original cliff dwellers.—Boys' Life.

# QUARREL WITH

CALIFORNIA MAY ADOPT DIS. agents will soon be sent into the states CRIMINATORY LEGISLATION IN NOVEMBER.

LAND OWNERSHIP THE ISSUE

Coast People Say Number of Orienthe Gentlemen's Agreement Is Being Violated.

By JAMES P. HORNADAY.

Washington .- A diplomatic controversy between the United States and Japan is threatened because of the possibility of discriminatory legislation by the state of California against the Japanese residents.

Already Bainbridge Colby, secretary of state, has received representations from the Japanese ambassador here, and these are known to have been purely informal and only intended to direct the attention of the United States government to the California situation. Legislation which It is proposed will be submitted to a popular referendum at the California election in November involves the issue whether the Japanese shall be permitted to own land in that state.

Five separate propositions, each of which hinges on land ownership, are included in California proposals. First, it is proposed to prohibit land ownership by the Japanese; second, to prohibit American-born Japanese minors from acquiring real estate; third, to prohibit the Japanese from leasing any land; fourth, to prohibit the Japanese parents from being guardians of their children's property; and fifth, to prohibit the Japanese from owning interest in corporations holding land. Gentlemen's Agreement Violated?

Official Washington well understands that the United States government can take no legal action, except to suggest to the California state officials that no legislation should be enacted to offend Japan. Violation on the part of the state of the socalled gentlemen's agreement between this country and Japan might lead to difficulties between the two governments. The gentlemen's agreement. made in 1907, provides for the control by Japan of Japanese immigration to this country, but the Californians claim that it is being violated in spirit by the Tokio government and that the influx of Japanese, with lower standards of living and incessant work, is a menace to the native Americans. Under the gentlemen's agreement, Japan agreed to issue passports to her laborers to enter territories contiguous to the United States, and she also recognized the right of the United States to deny entry to this country of Japanese laborers whose passports did not include the continental United States. Further, Japan agreed to issue passports to this country to Japanese of the following classes: Travelers, business and professional men, students and skilled workers; laborers and nonlaborers who had before 1907 lived in the United States; and Japanese who had acquired farms in the United States and wished to return to this country to take active charge

of their property. Effort to obtain official and accurate data on the Japanese question on the Pacific coast is now being made by the immigration committee of the house of representatives. Headed by Congressman Albert Johnson of Washington, the committee is conducting its investigations, including public hearings in California, attention being centered in that state because of the proposed discriminatory state legisla-

Picture Bride Problem.

Californians assert that the Japanese population in their state is increasing at an alarming rate, but this s denied by the Japanese, who assert their increase since 1907 has been about 10,000. The picture bride, critics of the Japanese say, is a violation of the gentlemen's agreement because as soon as she arrives in this country she becomes a laborer, besides rearing children. The Japanese claim the picture bride follows the usual custom of their land, the parents of the couple arranging the marriage, and the exchange of photographs is a matter of identification and convenience of the contracting parties when they meet at an American port. The Japanese also say that a legal ceremony is performed in this country.

The picture bride problem is expected to end this fall, for the Tokio government has agreed to issue no more passports to them. However, the last of the outstanding passports do not expire until fall, so arrivals of the picture brides may be expected to continue until that time. The greatest number of picture brides to arrive in this country any one year was in 1918 when a few more than 4,000 were landed.

Soft Drink Tax Must Be Paid. The internal revenue bureau, col-

lector of all the federal taxes, is making ready for a drive that Commissioner William M. Williams expects will bring millions of dollars into the treasury. The soft-drink business has grown enormously since the beginning of nation-wide prohibition, and the collection of a cent or two from each soda water, pop, ice cream sundae, etc., is giving the revenue offielals grave concern.

Neglect or wilful evasion of the law

on the part of the soft-drink venders is so general that special preparations are being made by Commissioner Williams to force obedience of the reve-JAPAN LOOMING nue statute. Special deputies, gathered from all parts of the country, are going through a special school in orered from all parts of the country, are going through a special school in order that the bureau can make sure of the enforcement of the law. These to organize special forces to ferret out offenders, large and small, and press the prosecutions in the federal courts.

To get ready for the drive against the venders failing to comply with the law, Commissioner Williams called to Washington a corps of revenue agents, and they are studying a special course tals There is increasing and That of instruction on the provisions of the law and the proper way to obtain evidence against violators.

Flying Squadron Trained.

These agents are about ready to return to their states, where each will pass along the knowledge he has acquired at the school here, and from the persons enrolled in the local schools there will be organized flying squadrons to descend upon refresh ment booths, drug stores and the other places from which the government collects 10 per cent on each sale of soft drink.

No rigid enforcement of the law has been required in the past, the government officials winking, possibly, at violations because of the fact that many venders were not familiar with the law and might violate its provisions innocently. But with the beginning of the new fiscal year in July, Mr. Williams has felt that the time has come to press for a more general compliance with the revenue statute regard-

ing the soft drinks. Under the law the tax must be paid by the consumer, and the seller gets into trouble not because of failure to pay the tax but for failure to collect It from a buyer. A maximum penalty of \$10,000 fine and imprisonment for one year is prescribed for the wilful evasion of the law. Venders also are required to keep daily record sheets showing the number of sales and the amount of tax collected on each. Where no cash register or check system is employed it is required by the revenue bureau that a separate receptacle be kept to hold the collec-

tions as they are made with each sale. More Giant Redwoods Saved. Acceptance by the department of the interior, through John Barton Payne, secretary of the interior, and Stephan T. Mather, director of the national park service, of a deed for a tract of 130 acres in Giant forest, California, will preserve for future generations a group of the largest and oldest trees in the world. The donor was the National Geographic society, and the presentation was made by Gilbert Grosvenor,

its president. A member of the National Geographic society, who had long been interested in the efforts of the society to preserve the big trees, subscribed \$13,000 toward their purchase. Part of the Glant forest was purchased in 1916, when the National Geographic society supplemented a congressional appropriation by a gift of \$20,000. At that time 617 acres of the forest were bought. The society has been untiring in its efforts to save the Giant Sequolas from devastation. The latest addition to the government's forests is known as the Tharp tract. There is still one area which is not control of the government.

An enumeration of the Giant Se quoia trees in the latest addition has not been made. One of the giants is said to be as large as the famous Sherman tree, known widely as the super-giant of the towering timberland and one-half as high as the Washington monument. The Sherman tree has a girth of approximately 36 feet. There are other trees in the tract which exceed the height of that 279-foot glant, but few which approach its girth.

Not Surpassed Anywhere in World. In submitting a favorable report on a resolution directing the secretary of the interior to make an investigation and submit a report as to securing a stand of typical redwood trees as a national park, the committee on public lands said that in height and in quantity of material, as well as in the beauty and density of their forests, the trees were probably unsurpassed by any other forest in the world. The committee's report, which was adopted by the recent session of congress and under which the secretary of the interior is carrying forward the investigation designated, pointed out further that as these trees are more than 2,000 years old they are among the oldest living things on the earth.

"They are nature's monuments, well worthy of preservation," the commit-tee said. "These forests are unquestionably among the most admirable things in nature on our continent. All will readily agree that typical stands of these trees should be preserved for the enjoyment, inspiration and admiration of future generations. The greatest stands of these trees are located in the valley, comparatively accessible and where the rapid encroachment of the loggers is threatening the extermination of this noblest type. Any successful effort to save them must be made within the comparatively near future. The fire-resisting qualities of redwood, if slightly aided by removal of dead underbrush, will render any forest selected practically immune from the fire hazard."

There are 10,992,235 Bell telephones in use in 70,000 cities or communities, with 23,281,150 miles of wire, or more than eighty times the distance to the

#### LOCAL PAGE

NEWS OF BEREA AND VICINITY, GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES

### Best Blacksmithing

Scientific horse shoeing, fine iron at the College Blacksmith Shop, Main street, north of THE CITIZEN Office. -advertisement.

Mr. Mrs. Roy Nunn of Ohio arrived Sunday for a visit with relatives and friends.

Miss Anna Hackney, who graduated from the College Department this

some time, returned to Berea last good time. week.

Miss Una Gabbard has been visiting recently with friends at Red House.

Nora and Carl Hill, of Scottsburg, Ind., are visiting relatives in Berea week meeting Thursday, at 7:30 p. m. and Wallaceton.

Miss Georgia McFerron, who has Carns, returned to her home at Mt. Vernon, Wednesday.

places. They took the trip by auto A. Byrd, a former student of Berea,

Misses May and Elizabeth Lee Harrison left this week for Warren, will be interested to know of their re- Enough to loosen bashful tongues where they will be the guests of Dr. and Mrs. B. P. Jones for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Olmstead are spending several weeks at their daughter's home in Evansville, Ind.

near Blue Lick. Mrs. Sherman Baker, of Indianap-

olis, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Berea. Mrs. John Johnson

Mrs. Howard Lovell, of Covington, is visiting at the home of Mrs. M. J. McKenney on Chestnut street.

The many friends of Miss Lillie A. she has taken up a claim of fifty acres in northwestern Colorado. Her present address is Craig, Colorado.

Oscar Wyatt, of Battle Creek, Mich., is visiting his parents and friends here for a few days. Mr. Wyatt is doing a hustling real estate business in Battle Creek.

Miss Mae Howard, of Manchester, partment, spent several days this week visiting Prof. and Mrs. John F.

Prof. and Mrs. Jenks, of the Uni- Red Cross are doing the work. versity of Minnesota, are spending some days in Berea in the interest of studies which he is making for the

F. Smith are on a trip thru Ken- and 4. This is one of the most tucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, interesting fairs in Kentucky, where

Mrs. Leonard Spence and little daughter, Gladys,, of near Beattyville, are visiting their many friends here. They are stopping at the old Spence home on Jackson street with Mr. and Mrs. Tom Cook.

the Blue Grass Fair than you can for the purpose of advancing agriculbuy for several times that sum else- ture in the mountains. where. Every other fair has increased its gate fee; not so at Lexington. Worth trying for a day or

#### NEW BUILDING FOR FIRESIDE 4, 5, 6, 1920: INDUSTRIES

President Hutchins and other officials of Berea College, recognizing the value and benefits of the Fireside Industries decided to enlarge the work. It was soon seen that more space was needed for classrooms and for those whose labor will be weaving.

Mrs. Ernberg undertook the task of raising the funds for that purpose. Having been invited to spend the week-end at the home of Lieutenant-Governor Ballard, who had already made a gift for that purpose, she presented the plan for a large building. Mr. Ballard showed his interest in the Industries by enlarging his gift so that the new building is assured. The new building will set back of the Log House and will probably be built next summer.

# W. F. KIDD

# Real Estate

are a feature of the Blue Grass Fair at Lexington. The Floral Hall will be full of interesting articles of every work and repairs of all descriptions description, and the exhibit devoted to articles made by the women of the mountain district is especially attrac-

> PUBLIC SCHOOL The Public School opens Monday, E. F. Dizney, August 30.

> > Principal.

CHICKEN SUPPER The Ladies Aid of the Methodis year and has been spending part of Church will give a chicken supper at the Summer in Battle Creek, is visit- the Harrison Building, corner Chesting Miss Ora Carpenter this week. nut and Boone streets, Wednesday, And fiddlers in convention have been living in Akron, O., for body is invited to come and have a

"The Soul's Awakening" will be Dr. Hutchins' topic next Sunday at 11:00 a.m. The subject of the midwill be "Christ Our Savior."

been visiting her sister, Mrs. Rose REV. DeGARMO IN RICHMOND Evangelist J. B. DeGarmo, with his singer, Sam N. Easley, will hold Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Hart left Tues- a revival meeting at Calvary Baptist day for their vacation. They will Church, on Big Hill Avenue, Richvisit in northern Ohio and other mond, August 16 to 29, inclusive. L. Compared with grandad's dancing. and were accompanied by D. L. is pastor of this church. These workers of God held a revival in Berea last year and many friends

METHODIST CHURCH

turn to our county.

The Methodist Sunday-school gave a farewell reception to Warren Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hilgenfeld, of the teacher of the Men's Bible Class, Chesterville, Ill., are visiting her at the home of Edgar Wyatt, on Wedparents, Mr. and Mrs. John Johnson nesday evening. A large crowd was present and a most delightful time was had. Mr. Smith is soon leaving

HELP FOR EYE-SUFFERERS

If your eyes are weak, or you are dington. becoming blind or have granulated eye-lid, the United States Public Health Service with the help of the Moore will be interested to know that Jackson county Red Cross Chapter, invites you, grown people and children, rich and poor, to go to McKee Tuesday, August 24 to Friday, August 27. Free examination and free treatment will be given by a skilled eye doctor. This is a splendid opportunity for all eye-sufferers to find out what is the matter and get relief. If you are suffering, this is your Moody. Ky., a graduate of Berea Normal de-best chance to get help, or if you know of someone who is suffering, it will be a kindness to urge him to go. Remember, the Government and the

The readers of THE CITIZEN are requested to read the advertisement of the Jackson county fair to be held President Hutchins and Prof. John at Bond-Anville, Ky., September 2, 3, Virginia and West Virginia this week. thousands of mountain people meet and have a good time. The managers of this fair have

completed arrangements for all kinds of attractions, including an airplane and large shows of all kinds. They are enlarging their grounds and are making arrangements for a big fair. You can get more amusement for The people will make no mistake in the same old 50 cents admission at attending this fair, which is held

PRIZE WINNERS AT BEREA FAIR

The following is a list of the prize winners at the Berea Fair, August

Butter Scotch Pie, Mrs. J. P. Rob-

Apple Pie, Mrs. John Harrison. Chocolate Pie, Mrs. Hockaday

Dunn. Lemon Pie, Mary Elizabeth Powers. Cream Pie, Mrs. Brandenburg. Plate Corn Muffins, Mrs. Bert Cod-

Loaf Yeast Bread, Mrs. Bert Coddington.

Loaf Salt Rising Bread, Mrs. Sam Ginger Bread, Mrs. M. A. Moody.

Plate Beaten Biscuit, Mrs. W. B. Brandenburg. Old Fashioned Corn Pone, Mrs. Jno. Harrison.

Sponge Cake, Mrs. Hockaday Dunn.

Checkerboard Cake (layer), Mrs. 3rd. Angel Food Cake (mold), Mrs. Joel Broughton.

Chocolate Layer Cake (chocolate in cake), Mrs. Hockaday Dunn. Chocolate Layer Cake, Mrs. J. H.

Fruit Cake (fruit in cake), Mrs. C. Bros.



# AUGUST, 1920

(The Fiddlers' Meeting)

"Nae mair by Babel's streams we'll And Scottist strathspeys-Irish reels, weep To think upon our Zion; An' hing our fiddles up to sleep Like baby clouts adryin', But screw the pegs wi' tuneful cheep An' o'er the thairms be tryin' O, rare to see our elbucks wheep An' a' like lamb tails flyin'

The katydids have come again Mr. and Mrs. Charles Baker, who August 8, from 6 to 9 p.m. Every- Are gath'ring here to draw the bow In musical contention. Let sorrow sleep and homely cares Give place to mirth and pleasures While fretful age and forward youth

Step lively to the measure In joyful play.

Let gray-beards tell of younger days When joints were spry and limber, And boast of steps they used to dance Before the bleak December Of frosty age has touched their bones. Of course, this modern prancing Is kittens' milk and baby stuff We can't deny.

A little "moonshine" did no harm, A dram to make them merry, Was right and proper-very: But now the sons of piping Pan Are like to meet destruction The while they fiddle for us from Spontaneous combustion,

The lively tunes of lovely France, Old airs from Merrie England

T. Allen. Fruit Cake (layer), Mrs. Bert Cod- Bros.

Sour Cucumber Pickles, Mrs. M. A. Sweet

Catsup (green), Ethel Duncan. Quart Pear Preserves, Mrs. J. H.

Lackey. Quart Peach Preserves, Mrs. M. A.

Duncan Quart Tomato Preserves, Mrs. Lela

Dickerson. day Dunn.

de Cheese, Mrs. John Mc-Williams.

Homemade Butter, Mrs. S. R. Baker.

Apple Jelly, Mrs. J. H. Jackson. Grape Jelly, Mrs. Bert Coddington Blackberry Jelly, Mrs. S. R. Baker. Freezer Ice Cream, Mrs. Bos Moore. Pineapple Sherbet, Mrs. Lewis

Two Pounds Homemade Candy, Plate Peaches, Miss Lucile Gilbert

Peck Onions. J. Gilbert.

Lackey. Dozen Tomatoes, Mrs. John Harri-

Head Cabbage, Mrs. J. F. Dean.

Moody. Coddington.

nonths, Mrs. Clinton Allen. Prettiest Boy Baby, under 18

nonths, Mrs. L. J. Gabbard. Boy Rider, under 12 years, Thomas Herndon.

Girl Rider, under 15 years, J. L. Green.

Roadster Ring Stallion, Mare or Gelding, any age, Charley Dunn.

Walking Mare, any age, N. W.

2:25 Trot-Dick Rogers (Birdie Cocoanut Cake, Mrs. Hockaday Rape), 1st; M. Moran (Alice Monaster), 2nd; Dick Rogers (Mary Belle), 2:20 Pace-Gypsy Boy, 1st; Dan

Taylor, 2nd; Dugan, 3rd. **Beef Bred Cattle** Heifer. any age, Bradshaw Bros. Bull, any age, Bradshaw Bros. Yearling Heifer, Bradshaw Bros. Cow and Calf, any age, Bradshaw

Will please discriminating taste And bring fond recollections. When we recall our youthful days With careful retrospection On this good night.

All things from Fiddle-String Land,

The "Fisher's Hornpipe," "Soldiers Fu' fast this day." Joy." Waynesburg." and "Martha Campbell"-

You'll find few better tunes than they, No matter where you ramble. And "Forked Deer" and "Mocking And "Hell's Broke Loose in Georgia,"

"The Hog-eyed Man" and "Liza They'll have to play them for you

To set you right.

"The Buck Creek Girls" and "Blackjack Grove." And "Slipping Sliding Jennie," And "Sallie Ann" and "Rye Straw,"

Would make you hug your granny. And "Eggnog" 's good, but best of all "Broadway" and "Rip Van Winkle" And "Who's Been Here Since I've Been Gone?"

Can chase away my wrinkles,

If fiddling here and ev'rywhere Along the road we travel, And fiddling down a world of care Will help us to unravel The skein of life and make us smile When else we might feel poorly-Why then, to draw the bow awhile Is naught but wisdom, surely. Then let us play !

Senior Yearling Steer, Bradshaw

Suckling Calf, either sex, Bradshaw

Herd of 5 Head or Over, Bradshaw

Colt Ring

Suckling Mare Colt, T. S. Hagen.

Saddle Ring

Harness Ring

Pony Ring

Harness Pony, Robt. Walker, Jr.

Walking Ring

Sweepstake Colt Ring

Races on Track

Moran, 2nd: Noland, 3rd.

Rogers (Birdie Rape), 3rd.

sex (50-50). Robert Rowlett.

E. T. Doty, 1st and 2nd.

car Harrison, 2nd.

Henry Kinnard, 2nd.

2:25 Pace or Trot-Rogers, 1st;

Mule Race-Jas. Lackey, 1st; Os-

2:25 Trot-Moran (Alice Monas-

Mule Colt Ring

Mare Mule Colt, D. C. Anderson.

Brood Mare and Mule Colt

Combined Ring

Walking Ring

any age-Wilson Rogers, 1st; B. J.

Broadus, 2nd; J. W. McKinney, 3rd.

Swine Ring

over-C. E. Houk, 1st and 2nd.

Poland China Gilt, 6 months and

Poland China Boar-H. C. Pieratt,

Walking Stallion, Mare or Gelding,

Horse Mule Colt, Jas. Adams.

ter), 1st; Noland (Bess Bowers), 2nd; 149-4 rings.

Pony Race-Raleigh Settle,

Walking Gelding, any age, Jack

Harness Stallion, Mare or Gelding,

any age, E. T. Doty.

any age, E. T. Doty.

Turley.

Saddle Stallion. Mare or Gelding,

Suckling Horse Colt, Hockaday

Black Cake, Mrs. Lewis Potts.

Cucumber Pickles, Ethel Duncan.

Jackson Quart Cherry Preserves, Mrs. Sam

Quart Strawberry Preserves, Ethel

Honey in Comb, 1 lb., Mrs. Hocka- Duerson.

Mrs. A. F. Scruggs.

Plate Apples, Mrs. Jesse Vaughn. Half-dozen Roasting Ears, Ethel

Peck Irish Potatoes, Mrs. Sam

Half-dozen Beets, Mrs. M. A.

Gallon Green Beans, Mrs. Bert

Baked Ham, Mrs. Sam Lackey. Prettiest Girl Baby, under 18

1st and 2nd. Poland China Sow, any age-H. C. Pieratt, 1st and 2nd.

Poland China Boar Pig, under 6 months-C. E. Houk, 1st and 2nd. Poland China Sow Pig, under 6 months-H. C. Pieratt. 1st and 2nd. Fancy Single Pony Turnout, Robt. Walker.

Racing on Track Free for All Race-Dick Rogers, 1st; M. Moran, 2nd; Dick Rogers, 3rd. Junior Agricultural Club Rings Walking Ring Male Pig, any breed, Lona Fish.

Duroc Sow Pig, pure bred, Lona Fish, 1st and 2nd. Races on Track Duroc Boar Pig, pure bred, Lona Fish, 1st and 2nd. Sow and Litter of Pigs, any breed,

Lona Fish, 1st and 2nd. Female Pig, any breed or age, Lona Fish, 1st and 2nd. Pig of any breed or sex, Lona Fish, 1st and 2nd.

**Poultry Division** Pen, Rhode Island Red, Wm. Anderson. Pen, Rhode Island Red, Cockerel

and Pullets, Wm. Anderson.

TO SAVE IS THRIFT



home which will, in the end,

prove of untold value to you.

interest, compounded semi-annally. In this way you can begin systematic saving at

Thrift is the saving of time, energy, resources, wages, or profits. It means a home of your own, contentment, education and comfort for your children, and a book to read, a day now and then for recreation, a piano or Victrola with which to entertain and beautify the home, the city, the state and the nation-a bulwark against the day of need, and independency that lengthens and sweetens life.

> GET ONE OF OUR LIBERTY BOND BANKS

# Berea National Bank

JOHN L. GAY, Cashier

JOHN W. WELCH, President

# Blue Grass Fair

Lexington, Ky. 6 BIG DAYS AND NIGHTS 6 Aug. 30 to Sept. 4

\$50,000.00 PREMIUMS Nat Reiss Carnival Co.

25 Cars High Class Shows, 5 Rides

Newberry's Military Band De Luxe and The All-American Quartette in Daily and Evening Concerts

3 Giant Passenger Aeroplanes 3

Running and Trotting Races Daily

REDUCED RAILROAD RATES Ken Walker, Secy

Classified Advertisements

FOR SALE-House and lot on Forest street.

P. B. Lewis.

(3t-7p)

less Cooker.

Phone 7. FOR SALE-Nice 7-room, 2-story house, in good repair; with water and lights; good garden and barn; other outbuildings. Corner of Boone and J.K. streets. For further in-

formation, call M. J. Carrier, phone

FOR SALE-Two farms 41/2 miles from Berea on Big Hill and Berea to leave the State, see us before pike. Well watered; good improve- you go, and we will "put you next !" ments; lots of grass. Will sell one Brood Mare and Mule Colt, either or both. One has 148 acres; other 60 acres. Lots of good tobacco land. For further information, write or Stallion, Mare or Gelding, any age,

M. J. Carrier, Star Route, Berea, Ky.

WANTED-A woman as a housekeeper. Washings sent out. Address Box 117, Berea, Ky.

# List Your Property

for sale with

Scruggs, Welch & Gay **REAL ESTATE AGENTS** Berea, Kentucky

F. L. MOORE'S

**Jewelry Store** 

First Class Repairing Fine Line of Jewelry

BEREA, KY

J. W. Herndon

DEAN & HERNDON Dealers in Real Estate, Berea, Ky.

FOR SALE-White Leghorn cock- We are still selling real estate. Do erels, 75 cents. Also an Ideal Fire- you want a good Blue Grass farm? We have it! Want a small farm near Mrs. R. E. Bartlett Berea? Yes, we have it! Want a house and lot in Berea? Come on; we can furnish it! Want a vacant lot or unimproved land? Come on

to us! We have just revised our list of property, and have added many desirable farms and houses in town. In addition to our local business we have for sale a number of desirable farms in the famous Miama Valley, the "corn belt" of Ohio. So if you want

The "beautiful spring" has come and gone:

The wheat is threshed; we've laid by corn; And now the rovers are beginning

to roam, To rent a house or buy a home. They are searching the country far and near

For a good location for next year; They want a place near town, as Where they can put their children

in school And where the grown-ups, husband and wife, Can get the most pleasure out of

life. Berea is the place where you want

And Dean & Herndon the men to You will find John Dean still at

The Bank:

His grub being short, he's lean and lank. Herndon keeps up his rambling

around; His office is "any old place" ir town. But when you find him, he soon

Who has the cheapest farms to sell. Come on to us, we'll help you find A house or farm to suit your mind.

Respectfully,

DEAN & HERNDON.

# Berea College Hospital

Best Equipment and Service at Lowest Cost. Wards for Men and for Sun-Parlor, Private Rooms, Baths, Electric Service.

#### Surgery, Care in Child-birth, Eye, Nose and Ear GENERAL PRACTICE

Come in and visit an establishment, which is a friend in need, and in reach of all the people.

ROBERT H. COWLEY, M.D., Physician HARLAN DUDLEY, M.D., Physician
MARGARET S. GRANT, M. D., Physician
Miss Mary Longacre, R.N., Superintendent
Miss Nellie Miller, R.N., Head Nurse

#### CHANGE IN RATES

Beginning March 1, the rates for board and room of private patients will be \$15 to \$18 per week. The rates for patients cared for in the wards will remain the same \$1 per day. By Order of Prudential Committee, Berea College

THE CAMPAIGN OF 1920

By Prof. LeVant Dodge

II. The Party Platforms

Dear Reader, you feel quite sure

that the next President of the United

States will be one or the other of

was picked out for the great respon-

sibility on the 12th of June by a com-

pany of about one thousand men and

women assembled from different parts

of the country at Chicago. The other

was selected by a like number of

persons at San Francisco about three

weeks later. The sovereign people

are permitted to choose their Chief

Executive; that is, they may take their choice between these two, James

M. Cox and Warren G. Harding. No

If you wish to know something

about what each of these gentlemen

will do in case he is elected, you very

naturally read what is called the

platform or refuse to accept the

nomination. But do we really know

the candidate's views and purposes,

when we have read his party's de-

claration of principles? It will re-

In the Presidential campaign of

in this response to the vital question

constituted the new Republican party.

Democrat. The third proposed solu-

tion of the great problem was to leave

it to the choice of the majority in

each territory, when the population

was sufficient to claim admission as

a state. No ambiguity in the plat-

form that year! No other question

received attention. Former party

lines were trampled under foot in

the rush of the people to gather

The present situation is far dif-

ferent. There are diverse opinions

as to what is the most important

question of the times. Any one of

portance to justify making it the

core of a party creed, were there not

has no relation to former lines of

party cleavage. Perhaps it is not

there should be such divergence of

sharpest and most bitter clashes are

between rival factions in the same

around these new party standards.

one else has a ghost of a chance.

## The Citizen

A family Newspaper for all that is right true, and interesting

Published Every Thursday, at Bees, Ky.

BEREA PUBLISHING CO. (Incorporated)
WM. G. FROST, Editor-In-Chief J. O. LEHMAN, Managing Editor

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#### THE MISFORTUNE OF THE BEREA FAIR

The Berea Fair has for many years been patronized by the best people of our county and surrounding community. It has long been a meeting place for widely-separated friends and relatives. A good dinner was spread and everyone who had not provided himself with a lunch was invited to take a good piece of fried chicken, apple pie and other good things to eat. Everybody looked forward to the Berea Fair.

But how sad and humiliating to every honest citizen were the attrac- the above statement. tions and side issues this year. With increased fees and many premiums donated it seemed that better accommodations, less dust, and a greater protection of human rights could have been secured this year.

Never within the memory of the recollection of the exciting contest oldest citizens of this community has then carried on is as clear as it is so much vice been assembled in one of our most recent political campaign. small spot, under liscense and seem- More than half of our vast domain ingly under sanction. Neighbors and had only what was called "territorial citizens gambled openly; small boys, government," and the scattered popuopenly, conducted crap shooting lation had no vote in either branch games in front of a number of gam- of the National Congress. Already vices. Many of these were witnessed by officers, duly appointed tories were asking for admission inunder the law, and sworn to enforce to the Union as states. In fifteen the law of the state.

Vulgar and obscene shows were slavery was an established fast and open to our sons and daughters and protected by law. The burning quesone show, too rotten for women and tion of the day was as to whether children to witness, invited their hus- that disgraceful institution should go bands and fathers.

A number of citizens were heard with their vast possibilities. Three to say: "Surely the Fair Association definite answers were given. One was deceived and did not know what answer was the monosyllabic, "yes." they were getting into." If that is In this joined those whose pecuniary true, the Berea Fair Association will interests were involved in slavery, hasten to make the matter right in together with a crowd of their serthe minds of the citizens who patron- vile. followers. Another reply was ized it in good faith and today feel an emphatic "no." Those who joined

and purpose of all county fairs For their Presidential candidate they change. In other states, and in many dead Whig party, and for vice Presioperated for the benefit of the farmers and business men of the community minus the gamblers, bootleggers and prostitutes.

We hope that the Berea Fair Association, even though it is a private organization, managed with the purpose of realizing dividends on its investment, will become an agency for good in our community.

There was a time when ring horses and race horses were the center of attraction at county fairs because they were inspiring, but since the automobile and tractor have come to stay; interest in horses is dying, several subjects is of sufficient im-No fair has such good horses as it used to have, and we will drift into a far worse condition if we try to fill so many other things demanding atup the attractions with gambling and tention. The division of sentiment obscenity instead of farm products, upon nearly every one of these topics commercial displays, and a hundred other legitimate things.

In the next few weeks a number of to be regretted that the old party interested citizens will write an ar- names and organizations are still ticle, giving on outline of the kind of continued. But it is inevitable that a fair that ought to be given in a when a national convention is held, rural community like ours.

(Signed) A Citizen of

Reduced railroad rates for the Blue Grass Fair at Lexington, August 30-

vious article, entitled, "An Explanation," I called attention to the fact that upon the mooted question of the League of Nations, the declarations of the two parties are such as to permit those who "belong to" the party to go on advocating their conflicting views, each claiming that his is the correct interpretation of the platform utterance. At another time it may be shown that the case is similar in connection with other topics.

whole is a compromise. In my pre-

One natural result is that a great part of the two platforms is in close agreement-each consisting of mere platitudes or "glittering generalities." Another noticeable fact is that people wait for the nominee's speech of acceptance as the really authoratative interpretation of the platform ambiguities. Although the lucky (?) man selected as the party standard-bearer (Continued on Page Eight)

Peace Keynote of Cox Speech

(Continued from Page One) questions in order, if has always seemed to me that the interpretation of the two certain men. One of those men function of the league might have been

stated in these words;
"In giving its assent to this treaty, the senate has in mind the fact that the League of Nations which it embodies was devised for the sole purpose of maintaining peace and comity among the nations of the earth and preventing the recurrence of such destructive conflicts as that through which the world has just passed. The co-operation of the United State with the League and its continuance as a member thereof, will naturally de-send upon the adherence of the League to that fundamental purpose. "Such a declaration would at least

express the view of the United States and justify the course which our nation would unquestionably follow if platform of the party that nominated the basic purpose of the League were him. The candidate is supposed to at any time distorted. It would also accept the statement found in that appear to be a simpler matter to provide against any misunderstanding in the future and at the same time to meet the objections of those who believe that we might be inviting a controversy over our constitutional rights, by making a senatorial addition in

quire about two hours to read either words something like these: "'It will of course be understood one of them; and when read, not that in carrying out the purpose of the League, the government of the United much of it will be understood by the average voter. There have been States must at all time act in strict times when the common man could harmony with the terms and intent of know beyond a doubt the policy of a the United States Constitution which candidate by glancing at the uttercannot in any way be altered by the ances of the convention which made treaty-making power.'

Helpful Additions Not Barred.

him their nominee. Let us illustrate "Unquestioned friends of the League have made other proposals. Our platform clearly lays no 1860, sixty years ago, there was one against any additions that will be helpvital question which held the public ful, but it speaks in a firm resolution thought. I was a voter then and for to stand against anything that disa dozen years I had been fairly familturbs the vital principle. We hear it iar with the politics of the day. My said that interpretations are unnnecessary. That may be true, but they will at least be reassuring to many of our citizens, who feel that in signing the treaty, there should be no mental reservations that are not expressed in plain words, as a matter of good faith to our associates. Such interpretations possess the further virtue of supplying a base upon which agreement can be reached, and agreement. the people of some of these terriwithout injury to the convenant, is now of pressing importance. It was the desire to get things started, that of the then existing states, African prompted some members of the senate to vote for the Lodge reservations. Those who conscientiously voted for them in the final roll calls realized. however, that they acted under duress in that a politically bigoted minority into the broad territories of the west, was exercising the arbitrary power of its position to enforce drastic conditions. Happily the voters of the republic, under our system of government, can remedy that situation, and I have the faith that they will, at the election this fall. Then organized government will be enabled to combine impulse and facility in the making of better world conditions. The agencies of exchange will automatically adjust themselves to the opportunities of commercial freedom. New life and re newed hope will take hold of every nation. Mankind will press a resolute shoulder to the task of readjustment, dent, Hannibal Hamlin, an old-time and a new era will have dawned upon

Federal Taxation.

"Federal taxation must be heavily reduced, and it will be done at once, a Democratic administration is chosen in November. Without hampering essential national administrative departments, by the elimination of all others and strict economy everywhere, national taxes can be reduced in excess of two billion dollars yearly. neying consumption taxes, once willingly borne, now unjustified, should be repealed. The incomes from war-made fortunes, those of non-producers and those derived from industries that exist by unfair privilege may be able to carry their present load, but taxes on the earnings of the wage-earner, of the salaried and professional man, of the agricultural producer and of the small tradesman should be sharply modified. I believe that a better form of taxation than the so-called excess profits tax may be found and I suggest a small tax, probably one to one and one-half per cent on the total business of every going concern. It is to be understood that the term 'business' as used does not include income received by wageearners, salaried men, agriculturists and the small business man who should be exempt from this tax. The profiteer views among its members as to make and some of the highly capitalized Madison county. a matter of conjecture what ground units have used the excess profits tax the party will take. Some of the as a favorite excuse for loading on the consumer by means of highly selling prices many times the amount convention. And so nearly every convention utterance taken as a contentment and sound business is a just proportion between fair profits to business and fair prices to the con-

Would Halt Profiteering.

"The tribe of profiteers has simply multiplied under the favoring circumstances of war. For years, large contributions have been made to the Re publican campaign fund for no pur pose except to buy a governmental underhold and to make Illegal profits as the result of preference. Such largesses are today a greater menace to our contentment and our institutions than the countless temporary profiteers who are making a mockery of honest business, but who can live and fatten only in time of disturbed prices. If I am called to service as president means will be found, if they do not already exist, for compelling these exceptions to the great mass of square dealing American business men, to use the same yardstick of honesty that governs most of us in our dealings with our fellowmen, or in language that they may understand, to suffer the penalty of criminal law.

"It has been my observation that the man who learns our language, yields to a controlling public opinion and respects our laws; besides, in proportion as his devotion to American develops his interest in the impulsive processes of revolution diutalshes. We must be patient in the work of assimilation and studiously avoid appres sive measures in the face of mere evidence of misunderstanding. The necessity for the drastic laws of necessity for the drastic laws of war days is not present new, and we should return at the earliest opportunity, to the statuters provisions passed in time of peace for the general welfere. There is no condition now that warrants any intrinced ment on the right of free speech and assembly ner on the liberty of the presen. The greatest measure of individual freedom consistent with the safety of our institutions should be Excessive regulation causes

manifestations that compel restraint. Law Enforcement. "The legislative branch of govern ment is subjected to the rule of the majority. The public official who fails to enforce the law, is an enemy both to the Constitution and to the American principle of majority rule. It would seem quite unnecessary for any candidate for the Presidency to say that he does not intend to violate his eath of office. Anyone who is frise to that oath is more unworthy than the law violator himself.

"Morals cannot easily be produced by statute. The writ of injunction should not be abused. Intended as a safeguard to person and property, it could easily by abuse cease to be the protective device it was intended to

"We should not, by law, abridge a man's right either to labor or to quit his employment. However, neither labor nor capital should at any time or in any circumstances, take action that would put in jeopardy the public welfare.

"We need a definite and precise statement of policy as to what business men and workingmen may do and may not do by way of combination and collective action. The law is now so nebulous that it almost turns upon the economic predilections of the judge or jury. This does not make for confidence in the courts nor respect for the laws, nor for a healthy tion. There surely will be found ways by which co-operation may be encouraged without the destruction of enterprise. The rules of business should be made more certain so that on a stable basis men may move with con-

Government, however, should provide the means in the treatment of its employees, to keep in touch with conditions and to rectify wrong. It is needless to say that in order to be consistent, facts should at all times fustify the pre-supposition that the government employees are properly com-

"The child life of the nation should be conserved; if labor in immature years is permitted by one generation, it is practicing unfairness to the next.

Adequate Farm Profits.

"Farming will not inspire individual effort unless profits, all things conidered, are equal to those in other activities. An additional check to depleted ranks in the fields would be the establishment of modern state rural school codes. The federal government hould maintain active sponsorship of this. Rural parents would be lack-ing in the element which makes civil-isation enduring if they did not desire for their children educational opportunities comparable to those in the cities. The price the consumer pays for foodstuffs is no indication of what the producer receives. There are too many turnovers between the two The farmer raises his crop and the price which he receives is determined by supply and demand. His products in beef and pork and produce, pass into cold storage and ordinarily when they reach the consumer the law of supply and demand does not obtain. The preservation of feedstuffs by cold storage is a boon to humanity, and it should be encouraged. However, the time has come for its vigilant regula-tion and inasmuch as it becomes a part of interstate commerce, the re-sponsibility is with the federal government. Supplies are gathered in from the farm in times of plenty. They can easily be fed out to the consumer in such manner as to keep the demand in such manner as to keep the demand in excess of that part of the supply which is released from storage. This is an unfair practice and should be stopped. Besides, there should be a time limit beyond which perishable foodstuffs should not be stored.

"Our objective should be a decreased tenantry. With the period of occupancy uncertain, the renter strips land of its fertile elements, and each

land of its fertile elements, and each

year diminishes our national assets. Under the operation of the federal reserve and the farm loan acts, encouragement has come to thousands who find that industry, character and intelligence are a golden security to the people's banker, the government of the United States. Multiply our home owners, and you will make the way of the seditious agitator more difficult.

Railroads and Waterways.

"Any discussion of the question of food supply leads very quickly to the closely related matter of transporta-There is no one thing which brings us so intermittently to critical conditions than the insufficiency of our transportation facilities. Both the railroads and the public are to blame. There has been no material addition to the total mileage in the last ten years, and the increase in terminals has been much less than required. At the beginning of the war the rolling stock was sadly reduced and inade-quate. The public had not given in pay for service sufficient revenues on which credit could be allowed by the banks. Moral assistance was withheld because of railroad policies that did not bring approval. Many of these corporations had made themselves a part of political activities, local, state and national. Then there were more or less aporadic instances of stock we-tering operations, and the exploitation

tering operations, and the explositation of utility properties for personal gain, "Abuses were not general, but they were sufficient to bring the entire rall-pad systems of the country in discepute. The good suffered with the evil. When the transportation line they were barely able to limp through the task of the day. Unity in opera-tion, the elimination of the long band and the merging of every mile of trace gine into a co-ordinated plan of operation, enabled the government to transport troops and supplies, at the same time affording, under great stress, a satisfactory outlet for our industries. It should be remembered in this connection that except for the motor truck which supplemented transportation by rail, and except for the great pipe lines which conveyed 011 for commercial purposes, should not, in all probability have been able to throw our deciding strength into the balance and win the war. Any attempt to discredit the federal operation of railroads during the years of grave emergency is unfair. In the case of those who know the facts it is insincere. Too much cannot be said in praise of those who directed this work, nor of the men who physically operated the lines under the discouraging conditions of poor equipment. But all of this is water over the wheel. The problem of the railroads is still with us. The government and the public should render every co-operation in the utmost good faith, to give thorough test to private ownership. The railroads have had their lesson. Government regulation is accepted now as not only a safeguard to the public, but as a conserving process to the utility. Financial credit is necessary to physical rehabilitation and it should sufficient for the periods of maximum demand. We should not lose sight, however, of the vast possibilities of supplementary service by water. The Great Lakes and St. Lawrence navigation project, particularly, should

Federal Reserve System.

"It is almost unnecessary to speak of the Federal Reserve system in connection with the winning of the war. as, next to the consecration of our manhood and womanhood itself, the greatest factor was the marshalling into one unit through the Federal Re serve banks of the stupendous wealth of America. To those of vision who look out beyond our shores into that commercial domain where we are so justly entitled to enter in a time of peace, latent power of the Federal Reserve system can he seen promoting in every quarter of the globe an ever-widening flow of American commerce. We will soon have a merchant marine fleet of 11,000,000 tons aggregate, every ship flying the American flag and carrying in American bottoms the products of mill and mine and factory and farm. This would seem to be a guarantee of continued prosperity. facilities for exchange and credit, however, in foreign parts, should be enlarged and under the federal reserve system, banks should be established in important trading centers

Reduction of Armament.

"I am convinced after considerable study of the subject that the expense of efficiency, be reduced to a maxim of four billion dollars, including sinking fund and interest on the national debt. When we enter the League of Nations, we should at the same time diminish our cost for armament. To continue expenditures in either the war or the navy departments on a vast scale, once our memberschip in the League is assured, would seem to be a very definite refutation of the advantages of the world plan which we believe it possesses. An appealing funda-mental in the League method, is the reduction of armaments. We can-not afford to do it, until other nations do likewise. If we do not enter the League, hundreds of millions of dollare must be spent for armaments.

If we go in, and I believe the people will insist on it, then we can count on economies.

"The Republican leaders who have taken charge of their party and nomi nated its candidate, are no more pos-sessed of the spirit of the hour than they were in 1912 when they precipitated a revolution within the rank and file of a great organisation. If further proof were needed, the action of the present Congress supplies it. Not a constructive law can be cited. Money and time were wasted in seeking to

make a military triumph an odlous chapter in history-and yet is it not significant that after two years of sleuthful inquiry, there was nothing revealed in that vast enterprise, carrying billions of dollars in expense, upon which they could base even a whisper of dishonesty?

"The Mexican situation, trying to our patience for years, begins to show signs of improvement. Not the least of the things that have contributed to it, is a realization by the people of that country, that we have neither the lust for their domain, ner disposition to disturb their sovereign rights.
Peace smiles upon the border and incentive to individual effort seems to be making a national aspiration.

Disabled Soldlers. "I feel deeply that the rehabilitation of the disabled soldiers of the recent war is one of the most vital before the people and I, as a candidate, pledge myself and my party to those young Americans to do all in my power to secure for them without unneces-sary delay, the immediate training which is so necessary to fit them to compete in their struggle to overe that physical bandicap incurred while believe also that the Federal Board of Vocational Rehabilitation as far as possible should employ disabled sol-diers themselves to supervise the re-habilitation of disabled soldiers, because of their known sympathy and understanding. The board itself and all agencies under it should be bur-dened with the care of securing for-

his training, adequate employment. "The women of America, in emotion and constructive service, measured up dering the war to every requirement, and emergency exacted much of them. They demonstrated not only willingness, but capacity. They helped win the war, and they are entitled to the privilege of voting as a matter of right and because they will be helpful in maintaining wholesome and patriotic policy. It requires but one more state to ratify the national amendment and thus bring a long-delayed justice. I have the same earnest hope as our platform expresses that some one of the remaining states will promptly take favorable action.

Education. "There must be an awakened interest in education. The assumption that things are all right is an error. The plain fact reveals two startling things, one, a growing decimation in the ranks of teachers and the other, the existence of five and one-half millions illiterates. The army of instructors has been more or less demoralized through financial temptation from other activities which pay much better. We owe too much to the next generation to be remiss in this matter.

Campaign Contributions.

"There will be no attempt in this campaign to compete by dollars with our opposition. So many people have been in the money gathering bust-ness for the reactionary cause that the millions already in hand are more or less a matter of general informa-tion. All that we ask is that both parties deal in the utmost good faith with the electorate and tell the plain truth as to the amounts received, the contributors, and the items of dis-

"The sort of readjustment which will appeal to our self-respect and ultimately to our general prosperity, is the st readjustment. Any unfair ac justment simply delays the ultimate process and we should remember the lesson of history that one extreme usually leads to another. We desire industrial peace. We want our people to have an abiding confidence in government, but no readjustment made under reactionary auspices will carry

with it the confidence of the country. "The inconveniences incident to the war have been disquieting; the failure of the Republican Congress to repeat annoying taxes has added to our trou-bles. The natural impulse is to forget the past, to develop new interests, to create a refreshened and refreshing atmosphere in life. We want to forthought of its possibility in the future We want a change from the old world of yesterday where international intrigue made people mere pawns on the from the old industrial world where the man who toiled was assured 'a full dinner pail' as his only lot and pertion. But how are we to make the change? Which way shall we go? We stand at the forks of the road and must choose which to follow. One leads to a higher citizenship, a freer expression of the individual and a fuller life for all. The other leads to reaction, the rule of the few over the many and the chances to grow upward. Cunning devices backed by unlimited prodigal expenditures will be used to confuse and to lure. But I have an abiding faith that the pitfalls will be avoided and

the right road chosen.

"The leaders opposed to Democracy premise to put the country back to normal.' This can only mean the socalled normal of former reactionary administrations, the outstanding fea-ture of which was a pittance for farm produce and a small wage for a long day of labor. My vision does not turn backward to the 'normal' desired by the senatorial oligarchy, but to a future in which all shall have a normal opportunity to cultivate a higher stat-ure amidst better environment than that of the past. Our view is toward the sunrise of tomorrow with its progress and its eternal promise of better things. The opposition stands in the skyline of the setting sun, looking backward, to the old days of re-

"I accept the nomination of our party, obedient to the Divine Soveraign of all peoples, and hopeful that by trust in Him the way will be shown for helpful service."

#### MOUNTAIN AGRICULTURE

Conducted by Mr. Robert F. Spence, Farm Demonstrator and Special Investigator

#### JUNIOR CLUB CAMP

At London Fair Ground, August says: 16 to 21, there will be a Junior Agricultural Club Camp. This camp was Camp was held for Laurel county club members only. The camp is for rather than private interest so domi-Madison and Rockcastle counties, ask- idea of public service.' ing them to let me know if they would like to attend the camp. Many operator has, and the vision is really have sent in cards saying that they a glimpse of the future that is cerwere making plans for the camp.

If there is a club member of Rockcastle who wishes to attend this camp they may do so by sending me his or her name on card I mailed them. Since I will not have time to answer article.

card to me as soon as possible. If buildings. I don't see or write you, I will meet you at London August 16.

Yours for a big camp,

### NITY FAIRS

will be taken to Mt. Vernon, where they will be placed on exhibit and

speech on a great subject.

#### COOPERATION COUNTS

No matter what the farmer picks operation is given here:

they could not do acting apart. If buildings is generally employed. the prodigal son did, hungering for

profits from cooperative effort are but novice should not attempt fumigation It was to persuade men to repent the beginning of the reward that co- with it, except under careful instruc- by an exhibition of the extreme of operators are to receive. Its ad- tions. Directions for preparing and sin, and the extreme of love, that dition to the farmer's business effi- using the gas may be found in a Jesus submitted to be murdered by ciency is but a promise of what it publication entitled "Hydrocyanic- the wicked hands of sinners. When is going to do for the world. Co- Acid Gas Against Household Insects," these belated sufferers see the real operation is the forerunner and the by Dr. L. O. Howard and Charles H. character of their sins, as explained bringer of a finer and higher ideal Popenoe. of citizenship and fellowship; it holds in its hands the promise of a new social structure, a more desirable teria, found originally in diseased Father think you they will not repent civilization.

"Editor Russell, of the Irish Home-

#### CINCINNATI MARKETS.

Hay and Grain.

Corn—No. 2 white \$1.65@1.66, No. 3 white \$1.64@1.65, No. 2 yellow \$1.63, No. 2 mixed \$1.62@1.63, No. 3 mixed \$1.61@1.62, white ear \$1.68@1.70.

Sound Hay-Timothy per ton \$23@ 32.50, clover mixed \$25@31, clover \$23

Oats—No. 2 white 87@88c, No. 3 white 86@87c, No. 3 mixed 78@79c. Wheat-No. 2 red \$2.61, No. 3 red \$2.58@2.60.

#### Butter, Eggs and Poultry.

Butter—Whole milk creamery extras 58c, firsts 53c, seconds 52c, fancy dairy Eggs-Extra firsts 46c, firsts 44c, or-

dinary firsts 42c. Live Poultry-Broilers, 11/2 lbs. and

over 45c, fowls, 4½ lbs and over 34c; under 4½ lbs 31c; roosters 21c.

#### Live Stock.

fair \$6@8; heifers, good to choice \$10@13, fair to good \$7@10, common to fair \$5@7, canners \$3@4, stock heifers \$5.50@8.

Calves-Good to choice \$16@16.50,

to good \$3.50@7.50, common \$1@3, lambs, good to choice \$15@15.50, fair to good \$10.50@15.

Hogs-Selected heavy shippers ly reduced. \$15.50@16.50, common to choice heavy fat sows \$9@12.75, light shippers \$15.50@16.25, pigs (110 ibs and less) recommend the use of rat viruses.

stead, but states the fact when he

'Humanity waits outside a gate which, if it was opened, would bring mentioned in the Mt. Vernon Signal it into a world of undreamed of granlast week as though the Junior Club deur. That gate can only be opened when the idea of the general welfare all Junior Agricultural club members nates the sentiment of a nation that of Eastern Kentucky. I have written it will organize its agricultural and all my club members of Southern industrial life cooperatively with the

"This is the vision the true cotain to come."

RATS (Continued From Last Week) Poisons

While the use of poison is the best these cards, I will do so now in this and quickest way to get rid of rats and mice, the odor from the dead Club Members: Look over your animals makes the method impracletter and list of articles to take with ticable in occupied houses. Poisons you. Get all ready to leave for Lon- may be effectively used in barns. don, August 16. Be sure and mail stables, sheds, cribs, and other out-

Caution

In the United States there are few laws which prohibit the laying of Robt. F. Spence, County Agent. poisons on lands owned or controlled more necessary to exercise extreme Jesus taught about God. hibited. On Friday morning, October ing poison should always bear a did not earn, and all profiteers.) 1, all products to be entered in the warning label and should not be kept This democratic conception of God

Fumigation judged. Saturday, October 2, at rows in the fields and along river Almighty Autocrat, whose supreme 9:00 o'clock, doors will be opened to banks, levees and dikes by carbon bi- interest is to have his creatures extol 8,000 people of Rockcastle county. sulphid. A wad of cotton or other and worship him for his own satis-Are you going to be in this crowd? absorbent material is saturated with faction and glory, as all selfish hu-The live stock exhibits will be the liquid and then pushed into the man autocrats do. who care for nothentered on Saturday morning, October burrow, the opening being packed ing but the menial service and lauda-2. State Superintendent Colvin will with earth to prevent the escape of tions of their helpless victims. This attend this County, School and Agri- the gas. All animals in the burrow false idea of God as a selfish tyrant cultural Fair, and will address the are asphxyiated. Fumigation in holds that if his creatures do not so citizens of Rockcastle county. This buildings is not so satisfactory, be- worship him in this life he will arbiwill be the time to hear a great cause it is difficult to confine the gases. trarily punish them with everlasting Moreover, when effective, the oder torments. This false religion under from the dead rats is highly object the Christian name has driven thoutionable in occupied buildings.

Chlorine, carbon monoxide, sulphur progress of the world. up to read, he is sure to see the word dioxide and hydrocyanic acid are the On the other hand while Jesus "co-operation." That word means gases most used for destroying rats teaches that God is an all-wise, allmuch to the future of the farmer and and mice in sheds, warehouses, and powerful, all-loving Father who his family. A recent editorial from stores. Each is effective if the gas would have all men saved; he does the Southern Agriculturist on co- can be confined and made to reach not teach that God overlooks sin in "Cooperation enables farmers to to the great danger from fire incident men in their sins. He saves them sell their products for better prices, to burning charcoal or sulphur in from their sins. helps them to buy things they need open pans, a special furnace pro- He requires the sinner to repent of at lower prices, makes it possible for vided with means for forcing the gas his sin and forsake it, or suffer the them to do together many things into the compartments of vessels or natural consequences till he does, as

cooperation amounted only to this, Hydrocyanic-acid gas is effective in even swine's food, or the rich man if it were nothing more than a purely destroying all animal life in build- after his spectacular funeral, longing business proposition for special times ings. It has been successfully used for the denied companionship of Lazand circumstances, it would be well to free elevators and warehouses of arus. No, nothing but repentance, worth while for farmers to cooperate. rats, mice and insects. However, it though late. would do for either of "But these immediate and direct is dangerous to human life that the them.

Rat Viruses

destroying rats. A number of these it? vestigations and practical tests of unto me." (John 12: 32.) these viruses, mostly with negative Biological Survey have not proved satisfactory. The chief defects to be overcome

before the cultures can be recommended for general use are: 1. The virulence is not great enough to kill a sufficiently high percentage of rats that eat food containing the microorganisms. 2. The virulence decreases with the age of the cultures. They deteriorate in warm weather and in bright sunshine. 3. The diseases resulting from the microorganisms are not contagious and do not spread by contact of diseased Cattle—Steers, good to choice \$12@ with healthy animals. 4. The com-4, fair to good \$8@12, common to parative cost of the cultures is too with healthy animals. 4. The comgreat for general use. Since they have no advantages over the common poisons, except that they are usually harmless to man and other animals. good \$9@16, common and they should be equally cheap; but their actual cost is much greater. Sheep-Good to choice \$7.50@8, fair Moreover, considering the skill and care necessary in their preparation, it is doubtful if the cost can be great-

(Continued Next Week)

WHAT DID JESUS TEACH? Rev. Geo. Candee



(Rev. Geo. Candee was a helper of Brother Fee before the war, and at the age of 90 is the only surviving the business of the country. Systems member of Berea's original Board of of special highways are being mapped Trustees. He was preaching in Mc- out, and the plans proposed include Kee, Jackson county, when the Berea workers were driven out in 1859. He is living with his wife at 803 Oakwood avenue, Toledo, O., and they are to celebrate the 63rd anniversary of their marriage on August 27th.)

If we are to make the world Chrisby the poisoner. Hence it is all the tian we must make men see what

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY COMMU- caution to prevent accidents. In Jesus taught that God is a great several states notice of intention to unselfish, loving, helpful Father, su-Teachers and trustees are planning lay poison must be given to persons premely interested in building up a for their Community Fairs upon living in the neighborhood. Poison great democratic brotherhood of is a matter of national interest and September 30. At this time, each for rats should never be placed in souls like unto himself! (Democracy school in the county will have a Com- open or unsheltered places. This ap- means rule of the people free from munity Fair, where home, farm, gar- plies particularly to strychnine or all tyrants, people who have some adden and school products will be ex- arsenic on meat. Packages contain- vantage by inheritance which they IMPROVING KING ROAD DRAG superintendent of schools in Gray,

County, School and Agricultural Fair where children might reach them. is a corner stone of the Christian religion. On the other hand the most Rats may be destroyed in their bur- vicious idea of God is that he is an sands into infidelity and held back the

the retreats of the animals. Owing any form or degree, or that he saves

also to them by the Holy Spirit, (See I Peter 3: 19) and realize the Several microorganisms, or bac- self-sacrificing love of Jesus and the rats or mice, have been exploited for and breathe in his regenerating spir-

so-called rat viruses are on the Jesus said to his apostles in his American market. The Biological last interview, as his all-satisfying Survey, the Bureau of Animal In- explanation of the awful tragedy that there comes an opportunity for the dustry, and the United States Public was just coming: "And I, if I be lifted Health Service have made careful in- up from the earth will draw all men

God's great democratic Kingdom results. The cultures tested by the can never come upon earth until the false idea of God as a selfish tyrant is cleared away, and Christ's idea of God as the Heavenly Father comes into the minds of all men.

Five Die in Crash. Orion, Mich.-Five persons were killed when an automobile in which they were riding was struck by an interurban car or a crossing near here. The occupants of the automobile, all 200 feet and with one exception were killed instantly.

Beach Riot Quelled By Troops.

Revere, Mass.—Federal troops from Ft. Banks were rushed to Revere beach after a crowd of sailors and marines had attacked a police station following the mobbing of a Metropolitan Park police officer who had attempted to arrest a sailor. A detachment of 300 soldiers from Ft. Banks was hurrled to the scene and proceeded, with fixed bayonets, to clear the beach. The police estimated the crowd at the beach at the time of the riot to be 100,000. The naval authorities gave orders to the navy provost guard that every sailor in Revere was to be arrested. Later more than 400 had been placed under arrest, and the authorities seemed to have gained control of the situation.

FAVOR THROUGH MAIN ROADS

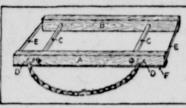
Motortrucks Expected to Play Prominent Part in Transportation Facilities.

England is now debating roads for motor transportation, for, although she is amply equipped with railroads It is believed that hereafter motor an apparently excellent feature. avoid the delays and congestion incldent on traversing towns, it is suggested that the main road be located beyond the borders of the town, and this would certainly expedite traffic as it would not be necessary for every vehicle using the route to painfully thread its way through every village on the way. Of course this would not appeal to the local tradesman who hopes to catch an occasional penny from the passing cars, nor to the local magistrate who inflates his own income, and the funds of his town, by his interpretation of the law: but this not to be restricted by petty local considerations .- Scientific American.

Found Too Weak for Work in Penn sylvania and Strengthened by Wrought Iron Strips.

The old form of King road drag was merely two sides of a split log, fastened so that the sharp sides of the surface faced forward, the the two parts were spaced about two feet apart and connected by struts to hold them parallel; the outfit was tragged by a chain, fastened to the front half-log, and the angle at which contrivance was dragged over the surface was controlled by the manner which the team was hitched to the chain, the chain itself being fastened permanently at both ends to two stades in the front log, which altered the angle at which the team was hitched, rnes L. Ruppin of Pennsylvania in Rural New Yorker.

"We found the original form too weak for our road work here, so we devised certain improvements, which are



shown in the sketch, the most important of which was that we shod the front log with a strip two inches wide, one-half inch thick, of wrought iron, said strip being placed at the lower edge with the two-inch width extending vertically along the front

#### SAVE PERISHABLE PRODUCTS

Rural Motor Transportation Affords Opportunity to Get Crops to Market Quickly.

With the advent and development of rural motor transportation comes direct encouragement to raise better and bigger crops because of the better and broader market thus afforded. In the production of marketable produce saving of perishable products by quick deliveries, and for higher prices because of the excellent condition in which these commodities can be delivered.

#### PROPER CARE FOR ROADSIDE

Means Substantial Addition to Value of Adjoining Property and Aids Appearance.

Proper attention to the roadside means a definite increase in the pleasure of traveling over it, a positive preservation of the road itself and a substantial addition to the value of members of one family, were hurled adjoining property. No matter how smooth and well constructed the traveled road may be, if the roadside is a whole will not give a good impres-

> Coercion Bill Passed. London.-The Irish coercion bill was passed on its third reading by the House of Commons by a vote of 206 to 18. In an exciting scene in the House during discussion of the Government's Ministry.

### HOME DEPARTMENT

Conducted by Miss Margaret Dizney, Director of Home Science

Story of a Country Nurse

by the Red Cross to serve seven ished the trip on snowshoes. shoes.

tor, cook, teacher, publicity agent, stayed on the case two nights. lecturer and organizer, sometimes "After this I had night duty right entire round of the clock, but estab- did not lose a patient. ishing a reputation that has made her the guide, rhi'osopher and friend was a new baby. The house was all

Had Little Previous Experience

A recent graduate of the Newton Hospital training school, Miss Best had only a little experience in New York when called by the Portland chapter of the Red Cross to essay the hazards of a Maine winter in the rural regions, but so well did she succeed that she was made health officer of the district before spring. She has now more than 40 schools to

look after. "My ambition was to do public health work," said Miss Best a few days ago. "I had learned to drive a such country roads as these. The first thing I did was to go to the which, as you know, is a town half way between Portland and Lewiston. He and his wife said it had been their dream to have a school nurse, so I suppose I was their dream. I tried to get a map but I could not find one, nor could I find any paper large enough to copy the topographical straight surface extending vertically; map on, so I used an old apron and now I keep this as a souvenir.

Began With Toothbrush Drill

"At the very first I had to address school, although I had never done such a thing before. But I knew what I wanted to tell them and also I kept asking for constructive criticism. I started the children with a toothbrush drill. I found that as many as 85 per cent of them had bad teeth.

its own problems. That of Raymond was bad throats. New Gloucester had the worst lighted school in the district. None of the schools have a water system, and when I told the children to wash their hands, 1 found that there was no water for them to wash them in. In one school 50 per cent of the children had eyeonditions were seldom right and, alwas able to get such things as water the baby question. for washing purposes, much needed to be done.

"The solution really is the consolidated school and transportation. In Indiana Authority Gives Advice as to one school, at 28 below zero, at 11 o'clock they were just beginning to thaw out, for the children had to walk long distances. Most of the forenoon work was lost. They ate cold food, so I decided that the thing to consideration in home beautification, do was to talk hot lunches. I got in touch with the home demonstration department of the Bureau of Agriculture, and we worked together."

her efforts resulted in hot lunches being provided in a number of schools.

Miss Best reports some strenuous times in her district nursing. "One that they could not get a person to good strong growth next summer. help them-would I come? I couldn't get out.

"I couldn't get out! 'But', came the whole family sick.' Still it was a physical impossibility, for there were no trains running.

First Trip On Snowshoes "Then the messenger asked if he

brought snowshoes would I come? I

agreed. I never thought he would not properly cared for, the highway as get there, but by noon they started breaking out the roads. They had sion. Macadam or gravel roads par- four horses hitched to several logs ticularly need the protecting shade of fastened together, with several men riding on these. The horses went two or three steps and then fell down and had to be shovelled out. This kept up and the work took a long time. Right behind the road-breaking men came the R. F. D. man and half an hour later the messenger arrived on bill, Joseph Devlin, Nationalist mem. snowshoes, bringing a pair for meber from Belfast, was suspended and so there was nothing for me to do sent from the House. He was follow- but go. I went, and we managed to ed by other Nationalists, a great maget on one of the breaking-out teams jority of the Labor party and a num- and thus got to North Yarmouth. ber of the independent liberals, amid No train was running from here, and were told to walk to a small near-by

MAINE IS LIKE OUR MOUNTAINS town and here we did find a train and arrived at Gray, where we took the Sent to Gray, Me., last November, electrics for some distance and fin-

towns, covering an area of 250 miles "District nurses, I had decided, of hilly, thinly settled country, she did not do night duty, but I arrived was expected sometimes to drive a at this house about 8 o'clock. The Ford, sometimes to ride on an elec- woman had died, two children were tric snowplough, occasionally to hire sick with pneumonia, two others had a horse and wagon, and in emergency the 'flu' and the trained nurse was to scale four-foot drifts on snow ready to drop. Another person could not be secured in Portland or Lewis-She has had to act as nurse, doc- ton, and so I took night duty and

werking practically throughout the and left. I did the best I could and

"I went to one family where there of the whole community which she kitchen down stairs and all bedroom upstairs. The mother had had eight children and had 'never been fixed up before.' That day I found there was nothing to eat in the house. You cannot go into a family in Maine and ask them what their income is, or if they have anything in the house, but I stayed around and waited to see when dinner was to be served. I finally found there was to be one. A neighbor covered that emergency. This family was not very poor when there was work. The woman did not know how to work effectively, but she was anxious to learn. The tray I used was the top of a barrel and there flivver, although I had never been on that the family had to eat in relays. Neither were there any cups or saucers. But, of course, this was an unusual case. The family is all right when everything is O. K., but if anything happens they come on the town for aid. I suggested that they have some closets, and now the husband has put up a rough board closet in one corner of the kitchen-rough, but a closet. And the mother has taken care of the baby well and exactly according to instructions.

"I talked public health everywhere and the people were very good and asked intelligent questions and helped in everything I asked.

Town Made Her Health Officer

"At one of the town meetings, the question came up of electing a health officer and it was decided to dissolve the board of health and ask me to be health officer. I said I didn't know "Every town in the district had anything about it, but they decided that I should be tried out as parttime officer along with the other work. The program included quarantine work, which means going to tell the families to put up the placard and. later, to take it down and to advise

them what to do afterward." Miss Best is an enthusiastic advocate of "clean-up" work and constantsight below the normal, and some by urges it. She is working for better very bad, largely due to the improper water supply systems and for the lighting of the building. Sanitary prevention of disease arising from this source. though by talking to the parents I clean milk problem in connection with

PLANT AND DEVELOP TREES

the Best Methods for Securing Desired Results.

A good lawn with plenty of hardwood trees, properly located, is one of the finest things to be taken into ecording to C. L. Burkholder of the horticultural division of the Purdue (Ind.) extension department, Hardwood trees are always desirable for planting around the home even though Miss Best interested the parents, they are slower in growth than the townspeople and womans' clubs and more undestrable and shorter-lived trees, such as the Carolina poplar, boxwood and soft maple. The elm, linden, tulip poplar, horse chestnut, sugar maple, Norway made and white ash are a few of the hardwood trees which Friday afternoon," she says, "I got thrive under most conditions and grow a message from Cumberland, saying rapidly after they are once well startthat a whole family was sick and ed. Now is the time to provide for a

Every one of the above varieties of irees, up to the time it is eight or nine years old at the least, should be given a heavy coating of barnyard manure the reply, 'the woman is dying and each fall and this material should be spaded in the shallow ground around the trees in the spring. A circle about each tree six feet in diameter should be kept free of weeds and grass throughout the summer season. This is an inexpensive treatment and will develop the growth of the tree each season if carefully observed. Plenty of manure will mean plenty of growth.

> Superstition of Mons. Mons, the home of the guardian

saint of the British army, is the theater every year of the famous Lumecon display which ends the procession of St. Waudru. At midday to the tolling of the great bell, otherwise heard only as a war alarm, St. George gives battle to the dragon. After a deadly combat, the dragon, according to rite, crashes down in the dust, shot through the nostrils, and the devils are chastised by the brave followers of the victorious knight. Before entering the lists the fabled "beast" flays the crowd with mighty blows of his tail. The people of Mons believe that a blow from the . tail brings, good luck. What matter if it IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

# **SUNDAY SCHOOL** LESSON

Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.) (Copyright, 1920, Western Newspaper Union.)

#### **LESSON FOR AUGUST 22**

#### DAVID'S PRAYER FOR PARDON.

LESSON TEXT-Ps. 51:1-17. GOLDEN TEXT-Wash me thoroughly from mine iniquity, and cleanse me from

ADDITIONAL MATERIAL-II Sam. II. PRIMARY TOPIC-Asking God to For-

JUNIOR TOPIC-How David Obtained INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC

What to Do When We Have Done Wrong, YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC -Penitential Prayer in Christian Expe-

There can scarcely be any doubt but what the sin here meant is that which we studied last Sunday, namely, adultery and murder (see II Sam. 11 and 12). About a year had elapsed from the time of David's sin to his repentance. The Thirty-second Psalm graphically pictures David's state of soul during this time. It was a year of great soul-anguish; day and night he was lashed by a guilty conscience. In this psalm we see the path by which a guilty soul may return to God.

I. David's Cry for Pardon (vv. 1, 2). It is well to note his conception of God. He saw him as a God of mercy and loving kindness.

1. "Have mercy" (v. 1). He knew that justice would forever separate him from God. Because he saw the mercy and loving kindness of God, he did not sink down under his weight of gloom and despair. Because Judas Iscariot did not see God as a God of mercy be went out and hanged him-

2. "Blot out my transgressions" (v. 1). He was fully conscious how many had been his acts of rebellion against God.

3. "Wash me from my iniquity" (v. 2). He knew that it was not enough to have God blot out his sin, for his very person was defiled. He knew that in order to be clean he must be washed thoroughly, and that by God himself.

4. "Cleanse me from my sin" (v. 2). He was not clear that washing would make him clean, so he pleads with God to make him clean by whatever process is needed. He was even willing for fire to be applied, just so be

could be clean. II. David's Confession (vv. 3-5).

1. "I acknowledge my transgressions" (v. 3). He now makes a clean breast of them-he would hold back nothing. There is no way to peace with God but by a full confession of sin. No half-hearted dealing with sin will

2. "Against thee have I done this evil" (v. 4). All sin is vitally and really against God. All our wrong-doing with our fellows is against God, for such deeds violate his laws. To showing disrespect and contempt for

3. "Behold, I was shapen in iniquity" (v. 5). He confesses not only to these acts of sin, but that he is by very nature a sinner.

III. David's Cry for Deliverance (vv. 6-9).

1. "Make me to know wisdom" (v. 6). He asked God that instead of heart wickedness he might be taught by God himself in his inmost nature.

2. "Purge me with hyssop" (v. 7. David seems to see that in order to be cleansed there is need of applying atoning blood. His prayer soars aloft on the wings of faith to the supreme sin offering, Christ. 3. Restoration (vv. 8, 9). He not

only wants pardon, but restoration to the divine favor in Jesus Christ. IV. David's Cry for Purity of Heart

He realized that if his life was to be different, God must dispose his heart toward the right, so he cried for the Holy Spirit to not be taken away from him.

V. David's Vows (vv. 13-17).

1. To tell God's mercles to others (v. 13). The one who has experienced God's forgiveness at once desires to tell it to others.

2. To sing aloud of God's righteousness (v. 14). He saw that the application of God's mercy and loving kindness was on the ground of righteousness and justice. He had vowed to preach, now he vows to sing.

3. To show forth God's praise (v. 15). When the Lord opens a man's lips, then his lips shall sing his praises.

4. The reason assigned (vv. 16, 17). It is because the sinner has seen the supreme sacrifice, Christ, and with a contrite heart presents the merits of Christ Jesus, God's remedy for sin.

Mission of Every Christian.

The nearer we approach to God in our spiritual life and fellowship, the and the more universal our ministry in the world. The mission of Christ is the mission of every Christian. He came and lived and died to save the that place in which he sees us. world. The disciple is not better than his Master .-- Anon.

An Invincible Armor. A habit of prayer and a sense of humor forge invincible armor.-Beth Bradford Gilchrist.

#### A Strong Consolation

By REV. GEORGE GUILLE, Extension Department, Moody Bi Institute, Chicago.

TEXT.-That we might have a strong consolation who have fled for refuge to lay hold upon the hope set before us.—

The allusion here is to the manslayer in Israel, fleeing for security



to the city of refuge. When Israel reached the land, six cities of refuge were separated from all others as havens for any who might unwittingly slay a fellowman. The manslayer was to flee to the nearest of these and there he was to remain, safe from the avenger of blood. during the life of the high priest.

When the high priest died, and so there came a change in the priesthood, he could leave the city of refuge and return to his home.

How these cities of refuge preached to Israel of her need of a divine refuge for a terrible fratricide! For she is the manslayer who has unwittingly slain her fellowman, the Lord Jesus Christ, as his prayer at the cross revealed: "Father forgive them, for they know not what they do." And the avenger of blood is the Man of Sin, that dire enemy of the last days, and for whose coming the world is making such rapid preparation.

But the text likens believers in the Lord Jesus to the manslayer, and upon the likeness bases our strong consolaion. And in Hebrews 9:24 it is written of the Great High Priest of our confession: "For Christ is not entered into holy places made with hands, which are the figures of the true, but into heaven itself, now to appear in the presence of God for us"

The Christian's Refuge.

Behold your security, child of God! Shut up in the city of refuge and your" lilacs and the purple lilacs and the with the Poles were well founded. No life there depending upon the High dear Persian lilacs and the jonquils Priest who said, "Because I live ye shall live also," and of whom it is written in Rom. 5:10, "For if, when we were enemies, we were reconciled to God by the death of his Son, much more, being reconciled, we shall be saved by his life."

But when will our Great High Priest die? And Romans 6:9 answers: "Knowing that Christ being raised from the dead dieth no more; death hath no mere dominion over him." He has left the grave forever in defeat behind him and he lives in the presence of God for us in the power of that endless life. And thus Hebrews 7:23-25: "And they truly were many priests, because they were not suffered to continue by reason of death." Aaron died, and the priesthood descended to his sons, Eleazer and Ithamar. These, in turn, heighten all this guilt he remembers died and the priesthood descended to and daffodils and the tulips and hyaline of priests. "But this Man," the next verse tells us-this Man who now appears for us in heaven-"because he continueth ever, bath an unchangeable priesthood. Wherefore he is able also the different flowers, they all bowed. Since it was agreed that only out-to save them to the uttermost that their pretty heads and said: "Thank side aid could save Poland from become unto God by him, seeing he ever liveth to make intercession for them.

Each of these cities is mentioned by name, in the twentieth chapter of Joshua, and every name speaks to us of our good portion now in Christ, in whom we are secure.

The first was Kedesh in Naphtali: the "sanctuary of the struggler." This is what our Lord has provided for all his own by that awful struggle to which our sins had put him, so that now we struggle no more but rest in his finished work on our behalf.

The second was Shechem in the hill ountry of Ephraim. Shechem means "shoulder." and Ephraim is "fruitfulness." In this haven of refuge that Christ has provided it is in bowing the shoulder to receive the yoke of submission to him that the fruitful glad we are each year to see them. ness for which he looks from us is

realized. The third was Hebron in the hill country of Judah. And here are two familiar names: Hebron is "communion" and Judah is "praise." goodly city this, and it is ours! Shut up here with Christ, it is to enjoy unbroken communion with him and thus to have the overfull heart pour itself out in that "sacrifice of praise" with

which our God is well pleased. The fourth city was Bezer in the wilderness. And what is the wilderness? Just what this world has become to the heart that has come under the power of these divine realities and that knows its place in Christ. But Bezer means "riches" and tells us of our possessions now in Christ that we

are to enjoy in the wilderness world. The fifth is Ramoth in Gilead. And Ramoth means "the heights." Yea. larger our sympathies for humanity, the heights are ours also, for "he hath made us sit together in the heavenlies," and by a thousand voices he is calling us to have our hearts in

And last we come to Golan, "joy," "exultation," a fitting name, indeed with which to end the record, for knowing our strong consolation and all these blessed things that belong to us in the cities of refuge our exultation is complete.

#### THE PERSIAN LILACS.

"It is almost time that we should said the Persian lilacs in the oldfashloned garden. "Still, our small green leaves will be with you and they will stay until the autumn comes, but we, the flowers, must leave, for the summer is on now and we are ready to go. We like to stay until the very last of spring, right up to the early summer. But then we must leave."

"So must we," said the double white Narcissus flowers. They were very fragrant, and as they spoke a lovely narcissus fragrance filled the whole air.

"We leave our leaves, too," said the little myrtle flowers. They were so deep a blue and so sweet and dainty, snuggled among their vine leaves.

"But," they added, "our leaves will be used for birthday wreaths. They make such good wreaths, as there are long pieces of us like vines.

"Yes," they continued, "we must be going soon, though some of our blossoms do come out once in a while through the summer, to tell the garden flowers and the myrtle leaves that the whole myrtle family will blossom next spring again.

"How fine our leaves are for the birthday wreaths," continued the myr- Russians Overrun Poland While tle wreaths: "ah, we will do our part throughout the summer."

"We know you will," said the myrtle blossoms. "We must be leaving soon, too," said

the pink flowering almond. "You have looked so lovely in your soft pink dresses," said the double narcissus flowers. "You dress in such a springlike fashion. You look so lovely and so gay and so bright. You really do know just how to dress in the spring. And all the pink flowering

almond bushes are so lovely." "Ah, we're very grateful to you for saying so," the flowering almonds answered. "We love the springtime, and we love seeing the other flowers. We were not acting in good faith when love the myrtle blossoms and the white they offered to negotiate an armistice



"You Look So Lovely."

cinths and even the little crocus flow- north, soviet troops that had crossed ers, which were unusually late coming the Narew river were defeated, and this year, so that we had the pleasure in the south, where they threatened of seeing some of them."

As the flowering almonds mentioned, even pushed back in some places. andring crushed by the bolsheviki, the you dear, flowering almonds," there was a lovely fragrance of all the main question was the source and naspring flowers throughout the garden ture of that aid. Premier Lloyd as they whispered their thanks, which George, placed in a most uncomfortwere carried about by the Breeze broth-

ers. "You know," said one of the flowering almonds, "I think a special vote of thanks should be given to the Per- Poland be immediately and uncondisian lilacs. Every year they come out, and after they go their lovely bushes ing of an armistice, or else Great Britare still so pretty with their green

leaves. "But best of all is the visit they pay us every single spring. They are so small and dainty a lilac, their color is such a soft shade of lavender, they are so beautiful and so flowery and so soft and sweet, and they are so very, very fragrant that we should tell them how much we love them and how

"It is only right to tell nice creatures and things that we like them. It would be quite unfair any other way at all, and so we should tell the Persian lilacs that we love them and that we welcome them and that we are looking forward to seeing them next

"We know how the people love them, we know that for years they have looked forward to seeing the Persian lilacs in the spring and enjoying them right through the spring, too. know how, after the other lilacs have come out, the Persian lilacs bloom and then they last longer than the others, because they have come later."

"Ah," the Persian lilacs said, "it is good of you all to be so kind to us. Our bushes are all very grateful. But you know we couldn't help but come out each spring. Beneath our bushes are beds of lilies of the valley, the sweet, fragrant lilies of the valley, that nestle in among their green leaves, and they always talk softly to us and send

us their sweet greetings. "Then the people are so fond of us; they love their Persian lilacs so, and all the flowers are so kind to us and help us add to the fragrance of the spring garden. There is no jealousy, and everyone is trying to add their sweetness to the whole. We will always come out, never fear!" they end-

sion would be given Russia to send a bling by middlemen will be greatly number of bolshevist commissioners into that country to control the export of Polish supplies of all kinds. Russia would then undertake to

1-Thousands of Czecho-Slovak women taking part in the annual schol at Prague. 2-Parade in Dayton,

O., in honor of Governor Cox, Democratic presidential nominee. 3-Col. John G. Isbell, formerly a captain in

the American army, now chief of the tank corps of the Lithuanian army.

**NEWS REVIEW OF** 

**CURRENT EVENTS** 

the Allies Seek to Devise

Ways to Stop Them.

ENEMY CLOSE TO WARSAW

League of Nations Council Adopts

With Rate Increases-Commu-

nist Labor Party Leaders

Convicted in Sweden.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Suspicions that the soviet Russians

sooner had the Poles reached the place

of meeting than the Russians broke

off the negotiations and demanded

that another discussion be opened at

Minsk. All the time their armies con-

tinued the fierce attack designed to

cut off the Danzig corridor and to cap-

ture Warsaw. At this writing the for-

mer part of that program has been

temperarily checked by Polish suc-

cesses, but the latter part is about to

be carried out. With the red army

within a few miles of Warsaw, the

civilian inhabitants of that city were

in flight and the government was pre-

paring to move to Cracow. The Rus-

sians had captured the great fortress

of Brest-Litovsk and had crossed the

Bug river northwest of that place, ad-

vancing in echelon in such a way as

strong forts west of Brest-Litovsk and

eventually to drive them out of War-

saw if succor did not come. Further

ide aid could save Poland from be-

able position, was said to have called

Krassin and Kamineff, the soviet rep-

resentatives, to conference and to

have demanded that the advance into

tionally stopped, even before the sign-

ain would declare war. If this was his

determination, it was reached despite

the views of a considerable part of

his cabinet, including himself, that

peace with Russia must be forced by

economic rather than military meas

ures. Others of the ministers, lead by

Winston Churchill, were said to favor

unrelenting warfare on the bolsheviki

and the extension of unlimited aid to'

Poland. There was a rumor in Lon-

don that the allies had determined to

send six divisions to Poland, presum-

ably some of the occupational forces

from Germany. Also, the members of

the supreme council of allied ambas-

sadors were hurriedly called from

The reply of Moscow to Lloyd

George, according to the London

Times, was a refusal to halt the bol-

shevik advance on the ground that

the army had been promised the loot-

ing of Warsaw. The Russians said

they were prepared to offer Poland

complete independence and wider

boundaries, but that they insisted on

The allies realize that in sending an

army to the rescue of the Poles they

may be compelled to violate the neu-

trality which Germany has proclaimed

and the sincerity of Berlin is so ques

tionable that this may be done with-

out much compunction. A sinister as-

pect is given the stand of the Ger-

mans by the report that before the

Polish offensive began they made a

secret treaty with the Moscow gov-

ernment. The treaty, it is asserted,

Russia, without interference from

After the conquest of Poland permis-

Germany, would be allowed to appro-

priate all of Poland's arms, munitions,

rolling stock and foodstuff's.

contained the following provisions:

a separate peace with the Poles.

their vacations to meet in Paris.

to force the Poles to evacuate

Basic Plans - Railways Satisfied

evacuate Poland completely in favor of Germany, which would hold the country as a guaranty against future credits to Russia in return for German goods and German labor.

There has been a lot of sarcastic criticism of the League of Nations because it has not taken cognizance of the Russo-Polish war. In a letter to Lord Robert Cecil, Viscount Grey, former foreign minister, has this to say:

"The league had nothing to do with the Russian-Polish war and it is a crime against the league and its members to charge it with responsibility when the responsibility clearly did not rest with the league, but with individual governments.

"The league was not invoked to restrain Poland, one of its own members, from aggression or, as the prime minister calls it, reckless and foolish action, as it should have been. To invoke the league now to support Poland by arms against the consequences of her action is not merely illogical; it is in fact, a great misuse of the league."

The council of the League of Nations, in session at San Sebastian, Spain, is busy with plans for the prevention of future wars, and during the week it took several important steps. First it adopted the French plan for an international general staff of military experts to devise plans of operations in event any state makes war or violates an agreement. This action, which was opposed by the United States last year, is thought to be preliminary to combined action against bolshevik Russia and against Germany if she unites with the bolshevists. Another French plan, though presented by Italy, also was adopted, for the establishment of an international blockade committee and justifying the blockade principle. The plan of the advisory jurists' committee for an interantional court of justice was adopted as submitted. This was almost entirely the work of Elihu Root.

As had been expected, the Greeks pretty much cleared Thrace of Turkish nationalists, but Kemal Pasha was not beaten and opened a strong offensive against the Greek forces in Asia Minor along the Bagdad railroad. At Simay, northeast of Smyrna, which is outside their area of occupation, the Greeks were defeated in a 24-hour battle and forced to retreat. In order to prevent Greek occupation of Constantinople the Turkish cabinet was hurriedly reorganized, practically all the new members being friendly to Great Britain, and preparations were made for the signing of the peace treaty, But Constantinople is threatened from another direction, according to reports from Sofia. It is said a strong Communist party is being organized in Bulgaria by Madjaroff, a Russophile; that all its men members from twenty to forty-five years of age, are being given arms and trained secretly, and that the purpose is to co-operate with the Russian soviet troops in a drive on Constantinople.

The strike of bituminous coal miners in the middle Western states, be ing unauthorized and disapproved by the union, is petering out and the fear of a fuel famine is decreasing. President Wilson asked the men to return to work pending adjustment of their complaints, and President Lewis of the United Mine Workers of America gave the same advice, making it as nearly mandatory as he could. The strikers in Illinois and Indiana slowly returned to the mines. Those of Kansas were more stubborn and A. M. Howat, president of the state union, bitterly attacked Lewis and refused to abide by his instructions.

So far as Illinois and the Chicago region are concerned, the Illinois public utilities commission took action that should relieve the situation there very markedly. This was an order forbidding the reconsignment of cars of fuel after they have reached their destination and providing that on all carload shipments of coal, lumber, or other shipments in open top cars the railroads shall make a charge of \$10 a day for each day or fraction thereof that a car is held beyond the "free time" allowed by the roads. In this way, it is believed, the evil of gam-

The railways appear to be fairly well satisfied with the rate increases authorized by the interstate commerce commission, and announce that they are preparing to spend \$700,000,000 this year for improvements and betterments. The increases granted are, in freight rates, an average of 351/4 per cent for the entire country; for passenger, excess baggage and milk rates, 20 per cent; for Pullman rates, 50 per cent. It is estimated the increase in earnings will amount to \$1,-583,000,000, and that the net operating income of the roads will now be \$1,134,000,000—about \$100,000,000 less than the roads asked.

As to the effect on the general public, there is difference of opinion. Some experts figure that the increased rates will mean the adding of more than \$1 a day to the cost of living of the average family. Others, equally expert, insist that the resulting better transportation and higher rate of production will bring lower prices.

After a trial lasting many weeks, a jury in Chicago convicted William Bross Lloyd, millionaire sergeant at arms of the Communist Labor party, and 19 other members of that party, of sedition, and all of them were sentenced to imprisonment. In addition Lloyd was fined \$2,000 and two others \$1,000 each. Throughout the country general satisfaction was felt in this result of a case that was considered one of the most important ever held in an American court. As Special Prosecutor Comerford expressed it: "The verdict convicts the movement as well as the men behind it, and establishes precedent which makes criminal the meeting of men for the purpose of advocating the overthrow of the government."

Something like 50,000 Democrats gathered in Dayton, O., Saturday to hear Governor Cox told formally that he is the party's nominee for the presidency. The notification ceremonies took place in the Montgomery county grounds where a temporary amphitheater was erected. They were preceded by a parade in which about 20,000 persons took part. The town was handsomely decorated and the residents opened their homes to the visitors.

In his speech of acceptance Governor Cox declared that the United States should enter the League of Nations, immediately ratify the peace treaty and state our interpretation of the covenant as a matter of good faith and as a precaution against misunderstanding in the future: the interpretation clearly to show that the league is not an alliance and that its basic purpose is peace and not controversy. On the matter of prohibition he said that any candidate for the presidency who says he does not intend to enforce the law is more unworthy than the law violator. He declared he favored the repeal of war taxes and the reduction of federal taxation, and suggested a volume of business tax instead of the excess profits tax. In dealing with other issues he followed along the lines of the San Francisco platform.

In the Missouri state primary Breckinridge Long, who campaigned on a League of Nations and law enforcement platform, won the Democratic senatorial nomination, and the Republicans renominated Senator Spencer. In Kansas the Republicans renominated Senator Curtis and Governor Allen. According to incomplete returns, Representative Scott Ferris was leading Senator Gore for the senatorial nomination in Oklahoma. Former Senator Bailey was an easy winner in Texas.

New York's unofficial Democratic convention put up a state ticket headed by Gov. Alfred E. Smith and selected Lieut. Gov. Harry C. Walker for senator. Its platform calls for modification of the Volstead act to permit 2.75 per cent beer and urges recognition of the Irish republic.

In aviation the week's triumph was the successful opening of the New York to San Francisco air mail route; its tragedy was the death of Lieutenant Locklear, noted "stunt" aviator, when his plane fell 1,000 feet at Los Angeles.

# East Kentucky Correspondence News You Get Nowhere Else

OUR TRIP THROUGH JACKSON apron, fancy apron, drawn work, tat-COUNTY

company with County Agent Robert 6 corn muffins, 6 biscuits, 1 fb. butter, On Monday morning, August 2, in F. Spence, the managing editor started on horseback through the northwestern section of Jackson county. At the same time four other squads of men started into the county at other places. The object was to carry out a plan which had been previously made to cover the county during the week, visiting all the schools, speaking to the scholars and patrons on community improvement and organizing each community for that purpose. The several schedules were closely followed and all the speakers came together at McKee on Friday night to report their work and to organize the McKee

By about 10 o'clock we were at the Abrams school on the top of Big Hill. School was not in session here and no one came to hear us. We went on to Chas. Abney's and had dinner. Then we went to Cave Spring. School had not begun there and so no meeting. Going on, we came to Clover Bottom school in time to hear a closing song and let the children know that we were ready for the evening meeting. Miss Smith, daughter of H. M. Smith, is the teacher here. With this family we took supper and staid through the night. Nelson Hurst, the president of the Junior Agricultural Club of Clover Bottom. took us to his home that evening and showed us his pigs and corn.

We had a good crowd at the meeting that night and the people responded to our appeals. This is a good school and a fine lot of folks in the community. They are interested in community improvement and are at work at their job. They were already organized before we came.

Next morning we set out for the Hurst school and found a good-sized crowd awaiting us. There was evidence of a community spirit here. And they will organize soon. Mr. Daugherty invited us to his home for dinner and we ascended the ridge and enjoyed the visit with him. He is a wide-awake man and is desirous July, 1920, the day on which he beand community.

Mr. and Mrs. Daugherty, we went to home, church and state was ideal, to Sand Gap, where the largest and he died without an enemy. crowd that we had met awaited us. So he will catch the broken thread, The meeting was held in the Baptist And finish what he here begun. Church, and it was a rousing one. Heaven will the mystery explain, More than twenty men were present, And there, up there, which made us feel good. Here we organized with Wm. Daugherty as president. We were impressed that service at the family graveyard on

vitation of Stanley Powell and staid friends and relatives. with him that night. The evening meeting was at Durham Ridge school. Miss Powell is the teacher. Here we found the best schoolhouse that was on our whole tour. It was tastefully decorated and well-kept. Our largest crowd assembled here, 120 being present. After the speeches, W. R. Bicknell was elected president and he made an excellent speech. Durham Ridge will be heard from too.

(Continued Next Week)

#### JACKSON COUNTY COMMUNITY FAIRS

in each educational division of Jack- visiting Mrs. Venerable's parents and son county. Great interest is develop- other relatives.-School began at ing and the prospects are good for a Black Lick last Monday with a Miss successful fair in each division. The Dalton, of Mt. Vernon, as teacher .places where these fairs will be held Mrs. Mary A. Lay has been suffering in each division and the dates when with a broken arm, but is better now. they will be held are as follows:

McKee Division No. 1, Blooming Creek Division No 3, Pigeon Roost, with some wind and hail.-The early Tuesday, September 21. Sturgeon

Phone 156-3

ting, cotton crochet work, apple pie, white cake, chocolate cake, 6 cookies, 1 qt. apple preserves, 1 qt. peach preserves, 1 qt. can apples, 1 qt. can

peaches, 1 qt. can blackberries, 1 qt. dried apples, 1 qt. apple butter, 1 qt. dried peaches, 1 qt. honey, 1 qt. molasses, 6 apples, 6 peaches, 6 pears, 6 Irish potatoes, 6 sweet potatoes, 6 onions, 6 beets, 6 ears white corn, 6 ears yellow corn, 1 qt. wheat, 1 qt. oats, 1 pumpkin, 1 cabbage head, 1 glass jelly, 1 qt canned beans, 1 qt.

canned corn, 1 qt. dry beans. A prize of \$2.00 is offered for first in the following:

Pen Barred Rocks by club member, pig by club member, written work by whole school, reading by school, spelling by school, singing by school, community spirit, attendance.

in these sports: Sack race, 100-yd. dash, broad jump, high jump.

Twenty-five cents is offered for first

To provide funds for the premiums, each teacher will raise \$3.50. Each teacher will be permitted to attend the school fair in one division other than her own, and count the day.

For further information and particulars write to Supt. H. F. Minter, McKee, Ky., or County Agent W. R. Reynolds, Tyner, Ky.

#### STEPHEN ABRAMS

Brother Stephen Abrams, of Clover Bottom, Jackson county, who was born July 22, 1833, was united in marriage to Susie Robinson, to which union were born nine children. three girls; Mrs. Linda Bowldin, the wife of H. C. Bowldin, now the county attorney of Jackson county, and Mrs. Sarah Hurst, the wife of Wm. Hurst, of Clover Bottom, and one daughter, Telitha, deceased; and six sons: John W. Abrams. Turp Abrams, Julus Abrams (deceased), Green Abrams, Robert Abrams, and Thomas Abrams (deceased).

Brother Abrams was a faithful member of the Christian Church at Cave Spring and the oldest member in that congregation at his death which occurred on the 22nd day or of doing all he can for his school tame 87 years of age. He had been a member for sixty years. It may In the afternon, accompanied by be said of him that his relationship

The writer conducted the funeral Sand Gap meant to do something. Saturday morning, July 24, at 9:00 Tuesday night we accepted the in- a.m., in the presence of a host of

James Lunsford.

### JACKSON COUNTY

Parrot Parrot, Aug. 8.-We had a splen-

did rain .- Corn in this part of Jackson is looking very promising. Potatoes are far above last year's yield. Oats and wheat were fairly good .-Mrs. Fairy McDowell and children have returned home from a week's visit with her mother, Mrs. Lou Reynolds, of Hamilton, O .- E. T. Cornett informs us that his mother is seriously ill at her daughter's home in Clay county.-Wiley Venerable and A community fair is planned for family, of Hamilton, O., have been

Kirby Knob Kirby Knob, Aug. 9 .- The drouth Grove, Monday, September 20. Pond was broken Friday by a heavy rain potato crop is good. Corn and to-Division No. 2, Fall Rock, Wednesday, bacco are looking fine .-- G. W. John-September 22. Kavanaugh Disivion son spent a few days last week in No 5, Drip Rock, Thursday, Septem- Indianapolis with his sister, Louise, ber 23. Coyle Division No. 6, Sand who is seriously ill .- Mr. and Mrs. Gap, Friday, September 24. Horse Jim Richardson, of Dayton, O., spent Lick Division No. 4, Saturday, Sep- Saturday night at the home of J. R. Click on their way to Brazil, to visit A prize of twenty-five cents will be their friends and relatives .- Mr. and given for the best of each of the fol- Mrs. Zach Thomas returned to their lowing exhibits: calico dress, kitchen home in Dayton, O., Sunday, after

#### Annual FIDDLERS' Meeting AT BEREA, KY.

Fifteen "Old Time Fiddlers" will enter a contest for

## ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS

to be given in three prizes \$50 to First: \$30 to Second; \$20 to Third

Also a prize of \$10 will be given to the Fiddler who plays the best tune with accompaniment.

The best "Fiddlers" of the whole country will be present. The public generally is invited to attend this meeting.

College Tabernacle, Sat., Aug. 21, 7:30 p. m. Admission 50 Cents

a shopping trip to Berea Saturday .- visiting friends and relatives. A community meeting will be held at the schoolhouse on the evening of the 20th. Everybody attend.

#### Herd

mond and W. R. Reynolds of Tyner were the speakers. There was a large and Debbie Farmer visited Mrs. C. N. Shepherd of Olin Wednesday and Thursday.-Allen Halcomb of McKee

spending two weeks with their Emma Farmer and two sons, Arvis parents and friends .- Mr. and Mrs. and Paul, spent Wednesday with Oran Click attended the Berea Fair Misses Myrtle and Icy Farmer .last Thursday .- Miss Mary Kirby also Stephen Farmer spent last Wednesattended the Fair .- Aaron Powell day with his son, J. B. Farmer of spent a few days last week with his Gray Hawk .-- Robert Spurlock of brother, Bill Powell, of Berea .- Miss Privett and Oren Raleigh of Chad-Bertha Powell, who has not been well well were visiting John Simpson, since she had influenza last winter, is Saturday night and Sunday.-H. D. spending a few weeks with her aunt Farmer and family spent last Saturat Rogersville, being treated by Dr. day, night and Sunday with Mr. and Gibson of Richmond.—Vertie and Mrs. C. N. Shepherd of Olin.—Mrs. Radie Johnson and Sallie Powell made G. M. Moore of Washington, D. C., is

#### ROCKCASTLE COUNTY Disputanta

Disputanta, Aug. 9 .- Good rains Herd. Aug. 6 .- Misses Effa and Lil- fell in this vicinity recently .- Mr. and lie Hamilton, of Mildred, and Miss Mrs. W. H. Thomas are the proud Zou Moore, of Tyner, were visiting parents of a fine boy, born August 7. Miss Jewell McGeorge Saturday night. His name is Harvey .- Mrs. C. B. Miss Mollie Moore of Tyner spent Davidson of Indiana spent Saturday last Saturday night and Sunday with night and Sunday with Mrs. W. S. know of his nomination even before Misses Myrtle and Icy Farmer .- Several peaple from here the result of the decisive ballot was Misses Effa and Lillie Hamilton. Zou attended the Berea Fair .- George Moore and Jewell McGeorge spent Owens of Mt. Vernon has been visitlast Sunday with Misses Myrtle and ing friends and relatives here .-Icy Farmer .- There was a speaking Misses Lula and Myrtle Gadd of at the Fall Rock schoolhouse Tues- Wallaceton spent Saturday night and day night; Prof. Robertson of Rich- Sunday with their cousin, Miss Elsie Croucher.-Rev. Durham failed to fill his appointment at Clear Creek, crowd out to hear them .- Mrs. Mary Sunday .- A Sunday-school will be organized next Sunday at 10:00 a.m. -Elijah Abney has been appointed truant officer for the Davis Branch spent last Tuesday night with his school,-Mrs. Larkin Abney and son, sister, Mrs. E. B. Flanery .- Miss Ella Clyde, spent Sunday with her sister, Simpson, of Kings Mills, O., is visit- Mrs. W. H. Thomas .- Mr. and Mrs. ing friends and relatives .- Mrs. W. O. Thomas spent Saturday night

# Jackson County Fair

BOND-ANNVILLE, KY.

September 2, 3, 4, 1920

You can't afford to miss this Fair. Come and see the

### **CURTISS AIRPLANE**

with Capt. Brooke at the helm, do all kind of stunts in the air. Take a ride into the heavens. TWO FREE ACTS DAILY

The Wild West Show and other large aggregations with Two Good Bands. Grounds enlarged and arrangements for Best Fair in Kentucky.

Thousands of Mountain people will attend-Be with them!

and Sunday with Mrs. Thomas' convention utterance and the candimother, Mrs. Kirby, of Wallaceton .--Miss Nannie Chasteen, who has been apology for it, as the case may be, confined to her room with a broken do not together furnish an assurance ankle. is able to be out again .- Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Thomas spent Sunday with Ben Shearer and family of labored documents are not so much Richmond .- P. W. Shearer fell from a high porch one day last week and will take its stand, and upon which injured his head very badly, but is is plants its batteries to bombard all mending very slowly .- Revival meet- that opposes, as they are flexible and ing begins at Macedonia. August 14. elastic fences, capable of being

#### THE CAMPAIGN OF 1920 (Continued From Page Four)

had his ear at the telephone, so as to announced in the convention hall, a month or more is allowed to pass before he is officially notified, in the presence of assembled thousands. This long interim enables him to read comments upon the document issued by the convention, consult various party leaders, and adroitly frame his claration is justly considered as furtwo pronouncements. This latter de-

would be obliged to answer: "It depends upon which way the tree shall fall." And so every aspirant to high office, and most of all, a candidate for the Presidency, is justified in being cautious as to stating just what own platform, seeing to it that there will be his course, in the midst of is no bald contradiction between the future circumstances, now beyond the nishing a surer clue to what will be | A few definite observations upon

date's longer explanation of it, or

as to what the party will do in un-

foreseen emergencies. Really these

a firm foundation upon which a party

opened at any point and of being

stretched so as to enclose any group

of outsiders who chance to come near.

In fewer and plainer words, platforms

are chiefly devices for catching votes.

If, in my earlier years, when I was

felling some giant tree, I were asked

which way I was going to run when

the tree should fall, I sometimes

the policy of his administration than salient points of the platforms now any promises made by the convention. before the people may well be saved But still it is true that the official for another article.



# Goodrich Tires

BEST IN THE LONG RUN

Though Goodrich Tires to-day are delivering far greater mileage than pre-war tires, they cost 15% to 20% less than in 1910.

SOLD BY

# BEREA MOTORS COMPANY

BEREA, KENTUCKY

# Potts' GOLD DUST Flour

is made of best wheat and by most improved methods

**BEST BY TEST** 

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R. L. POTTS & SON Whites Station, Ky.